# James L. Holly, M. D.

# Organization-wide Planning to Maintain Focus on safety and quality

# Appendix C Governance Board LD.03.03.01 – Leaders Use Organization-wide planning to Maintain structures and processes that focus on safety and quality

The following material was developed by SETMA in response to a request by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. As a result SETMA was selected as one of the top 30 Exemplar Ambulatory Practices for The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's Project LEAP (Learning from Exemplar Ambulatory Practices) September 4, 2012. This document illustrates how SETMA's leaders use organization-wide planning to maintain structures and processes that focus on safety and quaintly.

## **Description of LEAP**

At a time when a shortage of primary care providers is threatening the accessibility and quality of care in the country, the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF) is teaming with the Group Health Research Institute on a new national program designed to identify creative practices that make primary care more efficient and effective. The Primary Care Team: Learning from Effective Ambulatory Practices (the LEAP Project) will identify primary care practices that use health professionals and other staff in ways that maximize access to their services, so these workforce models can be replicated and adopted more widely.

With millions more Americans poised to enter the health system as the Affordable Care Act is implemented, the new program will identify changes in policy, workforce, culture, education and training related to primary care that can improve the way practices function. Its goal is to identify and then study up to 30 high-functioning primary care practices to learn about innovative staffing arrangements that maximize the contributions of health professionals and other staff.

Ed Wagner, MD, MPH, and Margaret Flinter, PhD, APRN, are co-directors of The Primary Care Team, and the MacColl Center for Health Care Innovation at Group Health Research Institute in Seattle will serve as its national program office. Wagner is director of the MacColl Center and Flinter, a family nurse practitioner by clinical background, is senior vice president and clinical director of the Community Health Center, Inc., a statewide Federally Qualified Health Center in Connecticut and director of its Weitzman Center for Innovation. She is an alumna of the RWJF Executive Nurse Fellows program.

"The Foundation's mission is to improve health and health care, and we cannot succeed unless we address the shortage of primary care services," said John Lumpkin, MD, MPH, RWJF senior vice president and director of the Health Care Group. "The nation will not be able to train new primary care providers quickly enough to meet the need, so part of the solution must be to use the workforce we have more effectively. This new program will identify ways to do that."

"Improving the quality of primary care is a key objective of health care reform. Central to the improvement of primary care is the development of effective primary care teams," Wagner said. "We are delighted that this project will allow us to study some of the nation's finest primary care practices and spread their staffing innovations to others."

"This project is particularly important because it recognizes that there is tremendous diversity in primary care settings across the country," Flinter said, "from small private practices, to large health systems, to community health centers. We need all of these practices to perform at the highest level."

A National Advisory Committee, chaired by Thomas S. Bodenheimer, MD, MPH, adjunct professor at the University of California, San Francisco, School of Medicine, will develop and apply the criteria for selecting the exemplary primary care practices, which will represent a variety of settings, practice configurations and locations. A research team will conduct site visits and then the sites will join together in a learning community to share best practices and to help distill their innovations into a toolkit that can be used by others.

In recent years, many primary care sites have described creative workforce models, but there is little information available about how their workforce changes have affected access, quality, value, and patient or provider experience. Thus, many of the new workforce models have not been widely adopted. The Primary Care Team: Learning from Effective Ambulatory Practices is designed to identify those that improve patient and practice outcomes, and share information so they can be replicated.

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- <u>HEDIS Effectiveness of Preventive Care</u>
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- Diabetes Analytics
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- Further lessons about readmission from analytics
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- Ten Step Plan for High Risk Readmissions to Hospital
- The Primary Care Team: Learning from Effective Ambulatory Practices(PCT-LEAP) Performance Measures Worksheet - Robert Wood Johnson Foundation

# Introduction

This is our response to your request that we "help (you) understand how (SETMA is)...measuring and using data on clinical quality, organizational performance, patient experience, and /or staff experience."

After this introduction, I will address each of the five categories which you identified in your correspondence.

This presentation does not simply provide lists of numbers for quality metrics. It attempts to provide a context in which it is possible to sustain the measurement of quality metrics as both a "score card" for excellent care and also as a guideline for areas which need improvement. Without this context, it is impossible to understand SETMA's use of quality metrics. It is as if quality metrics are a healthcare GPS, telling us where we are, where we want to go, the path to tale to get to our destination and an alert when we have achieved our goal.

# Commitment to Primary Care and to the Future of Primary Care

SETMA's commitment to Primary Care is evidenced by my wife and I, with support from The SETMA Foundation and others, having endowing the Dr. & Mrs. James L. Holly Distinguished Professorship in Patient-Centered Medical Home at my school of medicine. This is an interdepartmental and interdisciplinary effort between the schools of nursing and medicine. My wife and I have also endowed a Distinguished Lectureship in PC-MH and have given the initial endowment for the establishment of The Primary Care Institute at the Health Science Center. It is our hope to establish a one year Post-Graduate Fellowship for Primary Care providers the year after they complete their residencies. The Fellowship would focus on practice management, healthcare transformation, public policy and the growth and development of primary care in a patient-centered environment.

While most of the material on our website about SETMA is not peer-reviewed, several pieces are:

- Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality has published SETMA's LESS Initiative (Lose weight, exercise, stop smoking) on their Innovation Exchange.
- SETMA received the HIMSS Davies Award in 2005
- Dr. Holly's multiple presentations at HIMSS
- SETMA's peer-reviewed Stories of Success was published by HIMSS in 2010.
- American Medical Association Care Transitions Quality Metrics Application to Hospital Setting
- Joslin Diabetes Center PI-CME Glyco and Cardio PI-CME
- Joslin Diabetes Center PI-CME -- Eldercare PI-CME
- Centers for Disease Control Analyzing Cost Control for Medicare Recipients in the Medical Home Setting

The following is a link to my March 21, 2012 presentation entitled, The Future of Primary Care to the inaugural meeting of the University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio School of Medicine's Chapter of the Primary Care Progress.

## **A Brief History of SETMA**

Southeast Texas Medical Associates, LLP (SETMA) is a medium size multi-specialty practice in Beaumont, Texas which began using electronic health records in March, 1998. Shortly after that we determined that our "real" goal was "electronic patient management," i.e., the leveraging of the power and capabilities of electronics to improve the quality of the care we provided to our patients. That history is well documented on our website at www.jameslhollymd.com where all of our electronic patient management tools are displayed.

In 2000, we began auditing and analyzing data including using statistical analysis to look beyond individual patients to assess the quality of our population wise. For diabetes, our mean HbA1c has improved from 7.54 in 2000 to 6.64 in 2011, and our standard deviation has improved from 1.98 in 2000 to 1.2 in 2011. Gradually, we realized that we wanted to do "real time" auditing and analysis of our care. In 2009, we adapted IBM's Business Intelligence software, COGNOS, to healthcare. In that year, we began Public Reporting on over 200 quality metrics on our website.

SETMA's Model of Care evolved to:

- □ Tracking metrics one patient at a time
- □ Auditing metrics over panels and populations of patients
- □ Analyzing the audited data to find leverage points for improvement
- □ Public Reporting provider performance and transparently sharing with our patients that performance.
- □ Designing quality improvement initiatives based on these four steps.

#### **Quality Metrics Philosophy**

SETMA's approach to quality metrics and public reporting is driven by these assumptions:

- □ Quality metrics are not an end in themselves. Optimal health at optimal cost is the goal of quality care. Quality metrics are simply "sign posts along the way." They give directions to health. And the metrics are like a healthcare "Global Positioning Service": it tells you where you want to be; where you are, and how to get from here to there.
- □ The auditing of quality metrics gives providers a coordinate of where they are in the care of a patient or a population of patients.
- □ Statistical analytics are like coordinates along the way to the destination of optimal health at optimal cost. Ultimately, the goal will be measured by the well-being of patients, but the guide posts to that destination are given by the analysis of patient and patient-population data.
- □ There are different classes of quality metrics. No metric alone provides a granular portrait of the quality of care a patient receives, but all together, multiple sets of metrics can give an indication of whether the patient's care is going in the right direction

or not. Some of the categories of quality metrics are: access, outcome, patient experience, process, structure and costs of care.

- □ The collection of quality metrics should be incidental to the care patients are receiving and should not be the object of care. Consequently, the design of the data aggregation in the care process must be as non-intrusive as possible. Notwithstanding, the very act of collecting, aggregating and reporting data will tend to create a Hawthorne effect.
- □ The power of quality metrics, like the benefit of the GPS, is enhanced if the healthcare provider and the patient are able to know the coordinates while care is being received.
- Public reporting of quality metrics by provider name must not be a novelty in healthcare but must be the standard. Even with the acknowledgment of the Hawthorne effect, the improvement in healthcare outcomes achieved with public reporting is real.
- □ Quality metrics are not static. New research and improved models of care will require updating and modifying metrics.

#### SETMA currently tracks the following:

- □ 34 NCQA HEDIS measures;
- □ 14 NCQA Diabetes Recognition Metrics;
- □ 35 NQF-endorsed measures;
- □ 27 PQRS measures;
- □ 9 PCPI measures related to the physician role in hypertension management;
- □ 43 measures of the Bridges to Excellence program for Asthma, Chronic Stable Angina, Congestive Heart Failure, COPD, Diabetes and Hypertension;
- $\Box$  10 PCPI related to Diabetes;
- □ 6 PCPI for Stages 4 and 5 of Chronic Kidney Disease;
- □ 5 PCPI for Chronic Stable Angina;
- □ 7 PCPI for Congestive Heart Failure;
- □ 20 PCPI Transition of Care measures.

We are also participating in the Guidelines Advantage Program which is a collaborative between the American Heart Association, the American Diabetes Association and the American Cancer Society. And we are tracking the metrics associated with the MA STARS, the ACO quality metrics and the Meaning Use metrics.

In addition to endorsed-measurement sets, SETMA tracks these self-designed quality measures: 10 measures related to hyperlipidemia; 12 measures related to Chronic Kidney Disease Stages 1-III. Also, in the hospital setting, SETMA has designed an internal study to identify patterns in hospital readmissions, such as lengths of stay, morbidities and co-morbidities, socio-economic status, ethnicity, gender, age, follow-up calls, follow-up visits in clinic, etc.. The purpose is to control cost and increase safety by reducing preventable readmissions to the hospital.

#### **Population Management and Quality Improvement Metrics**

SETMA tracks a number of key data points for diabetes, hypertension and hyperlipidemia for its entire patient population. These measures are compared between patients who are controlled against patients who are not controlled. Secondly, the results for the controlled and uncontrolled populations are further analyzed by gender, age, ethnicity, numbers of medications, frequency of visits, frequency of test, income and other measures in an effort of to reduce disparities in patient care across all demographics.

To ensure timely compliance by providers, SETMA has designed functions with its EHR to alert providers to patient conditions which must be reported to local or state agencies for infectious disease control.

SETMA reports the results of all of measures publicly, by provider name, at www.jameslhollymd.com.

#### The Limitations of Quality Metrics

*The New York Times Magazine* of May 2, 2010, published an article entitled, "The Data-Driven Life," which asked the question, "Technology has made it feasible not only to measure our most basic habits but also to evaluate them. Does measuring what we eat or how much we sleep or how often we do the dishes change how we think about ourselves?" Further, the article asked, "What happens when technology can calculate and analyze every quotidian thing that happened to you today?" Does this remind you of Einstein's admonition, "Not everything that can be counted counts, and not everything that counts can be counted?"

Technology must never blind us to the human. Bioethicist, Onora O'Neill, commented about our technological obsession with measuring things. In doing so, she echoes the Einstein dictum that not everything that is counted counts. She said, "In theory again the new culture of accountability and audit makes professionals and institutions more accountable for good performance. This is manifest in the rhetoric of improvement and rising standards, of efficiency gains and best practices, of respect for patients and pupils and employees. But beneath this admirable rhetoric the real focus is on performance indicators chosen for ease of measurement and control rather than because they measure accurately what the quality of performance is." Technology Can Deal with Disease but Cannot Produce Health

In our quest for excellence, we must not be seduced by technology with its numbers and tables. This is particularly the case in healthcare. In the future of medicine, the tension - not a conflict but a dynamic balance - must be properly maintained between humanity and technology. Technology can contribute to the solving of many of our disease problems but ultimately cannot solve the "health problems" we face. The entire focus and energy of "health home" is to rediscover the trusting bond between patient and provider. In the "health home," technology becomes a tool to be used and not an end to be pursued. The outcomes of technology alone are not as satisfying as those where trust and technology are properly balanced in healthcare delivery.

Our grandchildren's generation will experience healthcare methods and possibilities which seem like science fiction to us today. Yet, that technology risks decreasing the value of our lives, if we do not in the midst of technology retain our humanity. As we celebrate science, we must

not fail to embrace the minister, the ethicist, the humanist, the theologian, indeed the ones who remind us that being the bionic man or women will not make us more human, but it seriously risks causing us to being dehumanized. And in doing so, we may just find the right balance between technology and trust and thereby find the solution to the cost of healthcare. It is in this context that SETMA whole-heartedly embraces technology and science, while retaining the sense of person in our daily responsibilities of caring for persons. Quality metrics have made us better healthcare providers. The public reporting of our performance of those metrics has made us better clinician/scientist. But what makes us better healthcare providers is our caring for people.

#### **Team Approach to Healthcare Delivery**

The ideal setting in which to deliver and to receive healthcare is one in which all healthcare providers value the participation by all other members of the healthcare-delivery team. In fact, that is the imperative of Medical Home. Without an active team with team-consciousness and team-collegiality, Medical Home is just a name which is imposed upon the current means of caring for the needs of others. And, as we have seen in the past, the lack of a team approach at every level and in every department of medicine creates inefficiency, increased cost, potential for errors and it actually eviscerates the potential strength of the healthcare system.

Why is this? Typically, it is because healthcare providers in one discipline are trained in isolation from healthcare providers of a different discipline. Or, they are in the same buildings and often are seeing the same patients but they rarely interact. Even their medical record documentation is often done in compartmentalized paper records, which are rarely reviewed by anyone but members of their own discipline. This is where the first benefit of technology can help resolve some of this dysfunction. Electronic health records (EHR), or electronic medical records (EMR) help because everyone uses a common data base which is being built by every other member of the team regardless of discipline. While the use of EMR is not universal in academic medical centers, the growth of its use will enable the design and function of records to be more interactive between the various schools of the academic center.

And, why is that important? Principally, because more and more healthcare professionals are discovering that while their training often isolates them from other healthcare professionals, the science of their disciplines is crying for integration and communication. For instance, there was a time when physicians rarely gave much attention to the dental care of their patients, unless they had the most egregious deterioration of teeth. Today, however, in a growing number of clinical situations, such as the care of diabetes, physicians are inquiring as to whether the patient is receiving routine dental care as evidence-based medicine is indicating that the control of disease and the well-being of patients with diabetes is improved by routine dental care. Also, as the science of medicine is proving that more and more heart disease may have an infectious component, or even causation, the avoidance of gingivitis and periodontal disease have become of concern to physicians as well as dentist.

#### **Disruptive Innovation**

In addition, Medical Home places major emphasis upon issues which historically have been the concern of nurses. Physicians who use EMRs are discovering that the contribution of nursing staff can make the difference in the excellent and efficient use of this documentation and healthcare-delivery method. No longer is the nurse a "medical-office assistant" ancillary to the care of patients, but the nurse is a healthcare colleague central and essential to the patient's healthcare experience. As evidence-based medicine expands the scope of what The Innovator's Prescription: A Disruptive Solution for Health Care By Clayton M. Christensen labels as "empirical medicine" which ultimately leads to "precise medicine," it is possible for physicians and nurses to be a true-healthcare delivery team, as opposed to the nurses only being an aide to the physician.

It is as a result of the need for the integration of healthcare disciplines at the delivery level, that the imperative becomes obvious for the restructuring of the training of the members of this healthcare team. And, the first change must come in the relationships between the leaders of the training programs who educate and mentor future healthcare scientist, teachers, caregivers and researchers. The educational leaders must model this integration for their disparate student bodies and that modeling will require the investment of the most precious and rare resource: time.

#### **Glue?** Adhesion and Cohesion

What is the model for this restructuring of the relationships between schools in the academic healthcare centers? It has been suggested that there is "glue" which unites the members of the various schools in an academic healthcare center, which will ultimately create this team. I would argue with that. Glue is an adherent. "Adherence" is described and simultaneously defined by the following:

- □ "Two dissimilar parts touching each other but not fused."
- □ "The union of separate parts; tending to adhere to or be connected by contact."

If propinquity is the principle motivation for the forming of a team, it will not survive the stresses and pressures which tend to make the team fly apart.

On the other hand, "cohesion" is "the bonding together of members of an organization/unit in such a way as to sustain their will and commitment to each other, their unit, and the mission." Synonyms of "cohesion" are "harmony, agreement, rationality." Here is the source of the union of the various elements of the healthcare team in training. It is in the recognition of their commonness and in the acknowledgment of their being part of the same "organism."

#### Harmonics

The concept of "harmony" is valuable here also. Harmony is not the absence of discord; it is the presence of a common nature. The typical definition for a harmonic is "a sinusoidal component of a periodic wave or quantity having a frequency that is an integral multiple of the fundamental frequency." I smiled and chuckled aloud as I wrote this last sentence. It is a mouthful, but how is it related to our problem of healthcare delivery? If you have a room filled with tuning forks of different frequency and you strike one of the forks, all of the forks which are of the same frequency or a multiple of the same frequency, as the one struck, will begin to sound. Those which are intrinsically different will remain silent.

In a room of educators, some health science, some historians, some vocalists, some archeologists, etc., when the sounding is of excellent in healthcare delivery; when the sounding is of evidence-based medicine; when the sounding is of containing the cost of healthcare while maintaining the quality; when the sounding is of increasing the accessibility of healthcare by removing barriers of affordability, linguistics, literacy, etc; each member of the healthcareeducation team, whether nurse, dentist, physician, scientist, physical therapist, laboratory technician or other, will begin to resonate, as they are all coherent, by their nature, to the process of sustained improvement in the delivery of healthcare.

It is as if the healthcare-education team, as the healthcare-delivery team, has become a symphonic orchestra made up of instruments which are different in sounding method but which harmonize to produce an aesthetically satisfying result. Remember, the Greek word "symphonia" means "sounding together." So it is that the members of the healthcare-education and the healthcare-delivery team "resonate together" to produce the results we all desire.

#### SETMA's Preventive Care Program involves the following:

- □ Traditional preventive care such as cancer screening (breast, cervical, prostate, colon)
- □ Diabetes prevention and diabetes screening
- □ HIV screening for all patients between 13 & 64 years of age
- □ Hypertension Prevention
- □ Tobacco prevention
- $\Box$  Obesity prevention
- □ Sedentary life style
- □ Immunizations (flu, pneumovax, tetanus/diphtheria/acellularpetrussis)
- □ Glaucoma Screening
- □ Renal Disease Screening

The first step in this preventive program is the following template which address almost all preventive and screening studies done. The first thing the nurse does after completing the patient's weight, blood pressure, body fat, etc., is to open the Pre-Visit/preventive Screening template. The measures which apply to the patient and have been done will appear in black.

The measures which apply to the patient and have not been done will appear in red and the measures which do not apply to this patient will be in grey.

Any measures which apply and have not been completed can be fulfilled by clicking the "order" button which appears beside each element. When that button is clicked, three things happen:

- $\Box$  The test or procedure is ordered.
- □ The charge is sent to billing but will not be sent to the payer until it has been done.
- $\Box$  The test is placed on the patient's chart.
- $\Box$  The metric is marked as done.

|   |                       | Diabetes Screening  |                   |                              | 1                         |                  |
|---|-----------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Pre-Visit/Preventive Scree  | ening                 | Is Diabetes screening   | appropriate for   | this patient?                | N/                        | A                |
| Seneral Measures (Patients >18)   |                       | Pre-Diabetes Patients   | i                 |                              |                           |                  |
| Has the patient had a tetanus vaccine within the last 10 years?   | Yes                   | If pre-diabetic, has the  | patient had a l   | HighATC test within the last | year?                     | N                |
| Date of Last 06/02/2005   | Order Tetanus         | Date of Last 1  | 0/29/2011         |                              |                           |                  |
| Has the patient had a flu vaccine within the last year?   | Yes                   | Diabetes Patients   |                   |                              |                           | - and the second |
| Date of Last 10/19/2011   | Order Flu Shot        | Has the patient had a   | HgbA1c within     | the last year?               |                           | Ye               |
| Has the patient ever had a pneumonia shot? (Age>50)   | N/A                   | Date of Last 1  | 0/29/2011         |                              | Order H                   | igbA1            |
| Date of Last 01/26/2012   | Order Pneumovax       | Has the patient had a   | diated eye exa    | m within the last year?      |                           | N                |
| Does the patient have an cievated (>100 mg/dL) LDL?   | Yes                   | Date of Last 0  | 2/03/2011         |                              | Add Refe                  | rral B           |
| Last 113 09/21/2011   | Order Lipid Profile   | Has the patient had a   | 10-gram monot     | liament exam within the las  | it year?                  | Ye               |
|   |                       | Date of Last 0  | 8/24/2011         |                              | Click to C                | Comple           |
| Has the patient been screened at least once for HIV? (Age 13-64<br>Date of Least 07/27/2011   |                       | Has the patient had so  | teening for ne    | phropality within the last y | ear?                      | N                |
|   | Order HIV Screen      | Date of Last 0  | 8/18/2010         |                              | Order Mi                  | cral S           |
| Testing not required if patient refused, tested elsewhere or if o<br>Check If Patient Refuses Testing   | lagnosis confirmed.   | Has the patient had a   | urinalysis withi  | n the last year?             |                           | Ye               |
| Check If Patient Tested Elsewhere   |                       | Date of Last  | 7/07/2011         |                              | Order U                   | rinaly           |
| Has the patient had an occut blood test within the last year? (Pu<br>Date of Last ///<br>Has the patient had a fail risk assessment completed within the la |                       | Female Patients<br>Has the patient had a  |                   | Referrals Below              | res 21 to 64)<br>Add Refe | N                |
| Date of Last 03/30/2012   |                       |   | COLUMN TWO IS NOT | this the last two years? ()  |                           | -                |
| Has the patient had a functional assessment within the last year  | N/A                   | Date of Last  | 11                | and the second second second | Add Refe                  | -                |
| Date of Last 04/01/2011   |                       | Has the patient had a   | bone density w    | ithin the last two years? (/ | Age >50)                  | 11               |
| Has the patient had a pain screening within the last year?  | N/A                   | Contraction of the second second second second  | M27/2009          | 24 3                         | Add Refe                  | erul E           |
| Date of Last 04/01/2011   |                       | Male Patients   |                   |                              |                           |                  |
| Has the patient had a glaucoma screen (diated exam) within the  | All Steer test        | Has the patient had a   | PSA withis the    | last year? (Age =40)         |                           | N/               |
|   |                       | Date of Last 0-   | 4/02/2007         |                              |                           |                  |
|   | Idd Referral At Right | Has the patient had a   | bone density w    | athin the last two years? (  | Ane >65)                  | N                |
| Does the patient have advanced directives on file or have they b<br>discussed with the patient?   | een N/A               | A CONTRACT OF A | 3/27/2009         |                              | Add Refe                  | iral B           |
| Discussed? Completed?   | Sec. 13               | Referrals (Double-C   | lick To Add/Edit  | )                            |                           |                  |
| Is the patient on one or more modications which are considered t<br>is the elderly?   | high risk             | Referral  | Status            | Referring                    |                           | -                |
|   |                       |   |                   |                              |                           |                  |
| OK Cancel   |                       | •   |                   |                              |                           | •                |

The second thing the nurse does is to complete the LESS Initiative by clicking the following:

Weight Management - this shows the disease risk of the patient's weight, the patients BMI, BMR, Body Fat Percent and an explanation of energy metabolism and how to change the BMR.

Exercise - this explains to the patient how to get started and provides a personalized exercise program including a walking program. It is scaled to the Cooper Aerobic data. If the patient has exercise limits, i.e., CHF, Diabetes, etc., specialized exercise prescriptions can be completed.

Smoking Cessation - this addresses primary, secondary and tertiary tobacco use and strategies for stopping.

Once this is done, a document is completed which summaries all of the patient's personal data which is given to the patient. SETMA audits nurse and provider performance on The LESS. There is a laser printer in every examination room and the document is printed and given to the patient at that time.

| ast Updated                        | 04/24/20                     | 12                   | SE  | ETMA's   | LESS I   | nitiative  |   |   |        |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|--|---|---|--------|
|                                    | 10-1<br>The bad r            | 15% dec<br>lews is   | crease in weigh<br>that more peop                       | nt, even if a p<br>le are at gre               | berson is obese,<br>ater risk of deve                    | er risk for developin<br>decreases that risk<br>loping diabetes than<br>without attaining thei                           | significantly.<br>think they are,                   | but   |        |
|                                    | You are                      | 15                   | pounds over   | weight whic                                    | h places you at  | a higher risk for dev  | eloping Diabete                                     | 15.   |        |
| н                                  | you lose                     | 2                    | to 4 p  | ounds, you                                     | will significantly                                       | reduce your risk of c  | seveloping Diat                                     | betes.  |        |
| Limitation                         | 15                           | Wek                  | aht Managemon   | t Exercise                                     | CHF Exercise   | Disbetic Exercise  | Smoking Ces   | sation  |        |
| Elements of                        | of Preven                    | ting Dia             | ibetes  | Whi  | ch Exercise Pres   | scription?   |   |   |        |
| 1. Family His                      | story                        |                      |   | C. Ver   | G 11-  | 4. Is the patient's BF<br>(> 130/80 mmH  |   | • Yes   | ◯ No   |
|                                    | listory of T<br>listory of H | 500000.00            |   | C Yes  | <ul> <li>No</li> <li>No</li> </ul>                       | 140 / 95   |   |   |        |
| 2 - 22 - 27 - 2                    | listory of H                 | 1000000000           |   | CYes   | No   | 140 / 35   | mmHg  |   |        |
| 2. Is the pat<br>0.00<br>Is the as | BMI 32                       | eight or<br>2 Bo     | obese?<br>ody Fat %<br>ominal area,                     | <ul> <li>Yes</li> </ul>                        | C No   | 5. Are the patient's<br>HDL<br>Triglycerides   | 30<br>111   | 7 🖲 Yes                                       | O No   |
|                                    | ated by the<br>> 38" or F    |                      | circumference?<br>> 35")                                | ? C Yes  | (• No  | Cholesterol  | 165   |   |        |
| 34.50                              | inches                       |                      |   |  |  | 6. Non-Caucasian I   | Ethnicity?  | Yes   | C No   |
| 3. Did the pa<br>(< 5 lbs          |                              | a low b              | weight?   | C Yes  | No   | African-Americ   | an  |   |        |
| 6                                  | ibs 2                        | 02                   | t   |  |  |  |   |   |        |
| Calculate C                        | onclusion.                   | you<br>inhal<br>exer | have a risk of c<br>ing other people<br>cise. We will o | developing di<br>e's smoke, a<br>continue to n | abetes. You mus<br>nd you need to r<br>tonitor your bloo | (BMI or body fat), at<br>t lose weight, exerci-<br>naintain your weight<br>d pressure, blood su<br>g to help you stay on | ise, stop smok<br>loss through c<br>igar and lipids | ing and/or a<br>continuing to<br>on a regular | basis. |

At the time of the Less Initiative being completed the nurse completes the "Screening Recommendations" for diabetes and if the algorithm requires it and the patient is fasting the appropriate screening test is performed. Other tools as seen below are also available for the appropriate patients such as "reducing your risk," "could you have diabetes and not know it," "predicting diabetes," etc. We tell all of our patients who are at risk of developing diabetes, "The best way to treat diabetes is don't get it."

| Screening F                                     | A DESCRIPTION OF TAXABLE PARTY. | and the second se | cting Diabetes<br>of Even Know I | Screening Insul<br>12 Reducing You | Salar Salar Barran                | Second and a second second | and a second of the second | 1000000 | Strategie:<br>Ites |    |
|---|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------------|----|
| Prediabetics I                                  | have an ath                     | erogenic  | Diagno                           | sis                                | Fastin                            | g Test                     | Ca                         | sual T  | est                |    |
| pattern of CV<br>predominantly<br>with increase | risk factors<br>observed        | s which are<br>in prediabetics  | Diabete:<br>Pre-Dial             | Courses .                          |                                   | 25 mg/dL                   | 140                        |         | mg/dL              |    |
| insulin, i.e, ins                               | ulin resista                    | nce.  | None                             |                                    | < 100 n                           | ng/dL                      | < 1                        | 40 mg   | /dL                |    |
| Vital Signs                                     |                                 |   |                                  | Fasting Lab Re                     | sults                             | Check                      | for New L                  | abs     |                    |    |
| Height  | 72.00                           | Waist   | 34.50                            | FPG                                |                                   | Cholestero                 | 165                        | 09/     | 21/2011            |    |
| Weight  |                                 | Hips  | 37.50                            | 75 01                              | /09/2012                          | HDL                        | 30                         | 09/     | 21/2011            |    |
| BMI   | 0.00                            | Ratio   | 0.92                             | 2-Hr OGTT                          |                                   | LDL                        | 113                        | 09/     | 21/2011            |    |
| Body Fat  | 32.2                            | Blood Pressur   | e                                | 126 08                             | /18/2010                          | Triglycerid                | es 111                     | 09/     | 21/2011            |    |
| BMR   |                                 | 140 /   | 95                               | DM Prediction                      | Rule                              | Magnesiun                  | 1.0                        | 07/     | 07/2011            |    |
| Protein Req<br>Treatment                        |                                 |   |                                  | the                                | doubles<br>risk of DI<br>ducation | l<br>Referral (D           | ouble-Cl                   | lick)   |                    |    |
| Insulin Re                                      | esistance                       | Hor   | mocysteine                       | Priority                           | Refe                              | rring First                | Referring                  | Last    | Referral           |    |
| Impaired Fas                                    | ting Glucos                     | se  | hsCRP                            | Immediate                          |                                   |                            | Ahmed                      |         |                    | +  |
| Hypertrigh                                      | yceridemia                      | Endothe   | lial Dysfunction                 | 1 4                                |                                   |                            |                            |         | 1                  | ١ſ |

The Preventing Hypertension template is also completed at this time and the materials go on the patients chart. We particularly focus at this point on patients with pre-hypertension.

| Preventing Hypertension  | Contributing Causes to Hypertension  |
|--|--|
| Pre-Hypertension   |  |
| <ul> <li>Patients with pre-hypertension have a higher risk of I<br/>for these patients. However, drug treatment for pre-<br/>chronic renal disease.</li> </ul> | re between 121 and 139 or a diastolic between 80 and 89.<br>hypertension in the future. Lifestyle modification is recommended<br>hypertension is indicated only for those with diabetes melitus or<br>sion, your lifetime risk of developing hypertension is 90% if you  |
| Is this patient pre-hypertensive?<br>Ves • No  | Today's Blood Pressure 140 / 95 mmHg   |
| Risk Factors for Developing Hypertension   | How Can I Reduce My Risk?<br>If you are overweight, lose weight.<br>Avoid heavy alcohol consumption.<br>If you smoke, stop.<br>Eat a heart healthy diet.<br>DASH Diet (Auto-Print)<br>DASH = Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension<br>Decrease your use of sait. Low Sedium Diet (Auto-Print)<br>Exercise regularly.<br>Learn to manage and reduce stress. |
| Medicatio  | ons Causing HPT  |

Part of SETMA's Preventive Health/Wellness Program involves the following questionnaires which are completed once a year on each of our patients. The following is a link to a tutorial on how to use these materials: Here

Those questionnaires are found on the front page of our primary care suite of templates.

| Fall Risk Asses   | sment   |
|---|---|
| Check this box if you are unable to complete this asses   | sment to due medical or other reasons.  |
| 1. Level of Consciousness/Mental Status Alert Disoriented Intermittent Confusion  | 2. History of Falls (In past 3 months)<br>No Falls<br>T 1-2 Falls<br>Cuidelines   |
| 3. Ambulation/Elimination Status  Ambulatory/Continent  Chair Bound (Requires restraints and assist with elimination)  Ambulatory/Incontinent   | Guidelines     Guidelines     Guidelines     Guidelines     Guidelines     Guidelines     Guidelines     Guidelines     Guidelines     Guidelines |
| 5. Gait/Balance Instructions<br>Gait/Balance Normal<br>Balance problem while standing<br>Balance Problem while walking<br>Decreased muscular coordination   | 6. Systolic Blood Pressure (Between lying and standing) No noted drop Drop LESS THAN 20 mm Hg Drop MORE THAN 20 mm Hg                             |
| Requires usage of assistive devices (i.e. cane, w/c, walker, furniture)<br>Jerking or unstable when making turns<br>Change in gait pattern when walking through the doorway   | 8. Predisposing Diseases     Instructions     None present     1-2 present     3 or more present  |
| 7. Medications Instructions<br>NONE of thee medication tatken currently or within last 7 days<br>Takes 1-2 of these medications currently and/or within last 7 days<br>Takes 3-4 of these medications currently and/or within last 7 days<br>Change in medication or dosage in last five days<br>(Automatically selected based on current med list) | Total Score 15 Past Scores  |

# **Global Assessment of Functioning**

Last Updated/Reviewed 04/01/2011

| O 91 -100 | Superior functioning in a wide rage of activities, life's problems never seem to get out of<br>hand, is sought out by others because of his or her many qualities. No symptoms.               |
|-----------|---|
| O 90 - 81 | Absent or minimal symptoms, good functioning in all areas, interested and involved in a wide<br>range or activities, socially effective, generally satisfied with life, no more than everyday |
| 0 80 - 71 | If symptoms are present they are transient and expectable reactions to psychosocial<br>stresses; no more than slight impairment in social, occupational, or school functioning.               |
| O 70 - 61 | Some mild symptoms OR some difficulty in social, occupational, or school functioning, but<br>generally functioning pretty well, has some meaningful interpersonal relationships.              |
| 60 - 51   | Moderate symptoms OR any moderate difficulty in social, occupational, or school functioning.  |
| C 50 - 41 | Serious symptoms OR any serious impairment in social, occupational, or school functioning.  |
| 0 40 - 31 | Some impairment in reality testing or communication OR major impairment in several areas, such as work or school, family relations, judgment, thinking, or mood.                              |
| 0 30 - 21 | Behavior is considered influenced by delusions or hallucinations OR serious impairment in<br>communications or judgment OR inability to function in all areas.                                |
| O 20 - 11 | Some danger or hurting self or others OR occasionally fails to maintain minimal personal<br>hygiene OR gross impairment in communication.   |
| O 10 - 1  | Persistent danger of severely hurting self or others OR persistent inability to maintain<br>minimum personal hygiene OR serious suicidal act with clear expectation of death.                 |
|           | OK Cancel   |



| Stress Asses   | sment   |
|--|---|
| Last Updated/Reviewed  | Return  |
| Calculate Results >>> Total Points 15 Assessm  |   |
| Concerts Results 200 Total Points 13 Assessm   | ent rou are seriously vulnerable to succes.   |
| eat at least one hot, balanced meal a day.   | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| get seven to eight hours of sleep at least four nights a week.   | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| give and receive affection regularly.  | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| have at least one relative within 50 miles on whom I can rely.   | C None Nearby C A Few Nearby C Several Nearby |
| exercise to the point of perspiration at least twice a week.   | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| smoke fewer than 10 cigarettes a day.  | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| have fewer than 5 alcoholic drinks a week.   | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| ly weight is appropriate for my height.  | O Obese O Overweight 🕤 Healthy Weight         |
| have an income adequate to meet basic expenses.  | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| get strength from my religious beliefs.  | O Never O Sometimes O Always                  |
| regularly attend club or social activities.  | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| have a network of friends and acquaintances.   | C No Friends C Some Friends C Several Friends |
| have one or more friends to confide in about personal matters.   | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| consider myself to be in good health.  | C Poor Health C Average Health C Good Health  |
| am able to speak openly about my feelings when angry or worried.   | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| have regular conversations with the people I live with about<br>lomestic problems like chores and money. | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |
| do something fun at least once a week.   | C Never C Sometimes C Always                  |

|                                    | Wellness  | s Assessr                           | ment                             |                   |                    |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
|                                    | Last Updated/Re   | eviewed 04/24                       | /2012                            |                   |                    |
| Γ                                  | Check here if the patient is u                            |                                     |                                  |                   | Return             |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
|                                    | Calculate Results >>>                                     | Total Points                        | 9                                |                   |                    |
| -                                  | Calculate Results >>>                                     | Assessment                          | Fair                             |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| How more dave a weak da            | veu participata is at least 20                            | minutes of abuai                    | and another the C                |                   |                    |
|                                    | you participate in at least 30<br>lays per week 3 to 4    | days per week                       | Caractivity?<br>5+ days per week |                   |                    |
| 1000                               | ujo por mook  | aujo por from                       | o dujo por moon                  |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
|                                    | you participate in activities the                         |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| 🔿 None 🔎 1 day p                   | berweek 📀 2 day   | s per week                          | C 3+ days per week               |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| How many days a week do            | you participate in activities th                          | hat increase your                   | flexibility?                     |                   |                    |
|                                    |   | s per week                          | C 3+ days per week               |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| Indicate the type of grain pro     |   | -                                   |                                  | -                 |                    |
| Only or mostly refine              | ed (white) grain products                                 | <ul> <li>A mix of refine</li> </ul> | ed and whole grain products      | Only or mostly wh | ole grain products |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| How many servings of year          | etables and fruit do you eat e                            | each dav?                           |                                  |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     | alad, 1/2 cup juice or 1/4 cup d | Iried fruit.      |                    |
| 🔿 None 🛛 🔍 1 to 2 s                | servings 📀 3 to 4   | servings                            | 🔘 5+ servings                    |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| How many servings of milk          | products do vou eat daily?                                |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
|                                    | p milk, 3/4 cup yogurt or 2 ou                            | inces cheese.                       |                                  |                   |                    |
| None C 1 servi                     |   |                                     | C 3+ servings                    |                   |                    |
|                                    |   | -                                   | -                                |                   |                    |
| Illeur et al de compart har de     |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| Never or rarely                    | fast (more than just coffee o                             | r a roll)?<br>C Every da            |                                  |                   |                    |
| · Never of farely                  | s most days   | Cvery da                            | y                                |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| What is your smoking status        | 1?  |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| Currently smoke                    | C Have smoked but quit                                    | C Never sn                          | noked                            |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| Haw offen de veu factueur          | act the place you peed?                                   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| How often do you feel you<br>Never | Most nights   | C Every nig                         | aht                              |                   |                    |
| Never                              | - moat nighta   | Every me                            | hur                              |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| How well are you coping w          | ith your current stress load?                             |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| Difficult to cope most             | t days ု Coping fairly                                    | well 🔿 Cop                          | oing very well                   |                   |                    |
|                                    |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| How many alcoholic drists          | do you usually have each uu                               | eek2                                |                                  |                   |                    |
|                                    | do you usually have each we<br>ces beer, 5 ounces wine or |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |
| None 1 to 8 c                      |   |                                     | O 14+ drinks                     |                   |                    |
| 1000                               |   |                                     |                                  |                   |                    |

|  | Sleep Study Candidate Questionnaire<br>Last Updated/Reviewed 03/19/2012  |
|--|--|
| neck off each of the follo   | wing statements that apply.  |
| I have been told that Is   | snore.   |
| I have been told that I s  | stop breathing when I sleep, although I have no recollection of this.    |
| I am always sleepy du  | ring the day even though I sleep throughout the night.                   |
| ✓ I have high blood president of the second sec | sure.  |
| I have been told that I  | sleep restlessly. I am always tossing and turning while I sleep.         |
| I frequently awake wit   | h headaches.   |
| I tend to fall asleep in i   | nappropriate situations.   |
| Others and/or I have n   | oticed a recent change in my personality.                                |
| 🔽 I am overweight.   |  |
| ☑ I tend to sweat excess   | sively during my sleep.  |
| onclusion  |  |
| You have answered Yes study.   | to three or more questions and therefore you are a candidate for a sleep |

The following four questionnaires are used exclusively for patients who may be eligible for hospice care:

# Karnofsky & Lansky Performance Scales Last Updated/Reviewed 04/10/2012

| Karnofsky Scale<br>Patients 16 Years And Older  |         | Lansky Scale<br>Patients Less Than 16 Years   |
|---|---------|---|
| Able to carry on normal activity; no special care needed  |         | Able to carry on normal activity; no special care needed                                    |
| Normal, no complaints, no evidence of disease   | C 100   | Fully active  |
| Able to carry on normal activity  | C 90    | Minor restriction in physically strenuous play  |
| Normal activity with effort   | C 80    | Restricted in strenucus play, tires more easily,<br>otherwise active                        |
| Unable to work, able to live at home, cares for most<br>personal needs, a varying amount of assistance is needed      |         | Mid to moderate restriction   |
| Cares for self, unable to carry on normal<br>activity or to do active work  | · 70    | Both greater restrictions of, and less time<br>spent in play                                |
| Requires occasional assistance but is able to<br>care for most needs  | 60      | Ambulatory up to 50% of the time, limited<br>active play with assistance/supervision        |
| Requires considerable assistance and<br>frequent medical care   | 6 50    | Considerable assistance required for any<br>active play, fully able to engage in quiet play |
| Unable to care for self, requires equivalent of institutional<br>or hospital care, disease may be progressing rapidly |         | Moderate to severe restriction  |
| Disabled, requires special care and assistance  | C 40    | Able to initiate quite activities   |
| Severely disabled, hospitalization indicated,<br>although death not imminent  | C 30    | Needs considerable assistance for quiet activity  |
| Very sick, hospitalization necessary  | C 20    | Limited to very passive activity initiated by others (e.g., TV)                             |
| Moribund, fatal process progressing rapidly   | C 10    | Completely disabled, not even passive play  |
|   | OK Cano | et _  |

| Palliative Perform                               | mance S    | Sca   | le ( | PPS)        |  |
|--|------------|-------|------|-------------|--|
| For Cano   | cer Patie  | ents  | 5    |             |  |
| Last Updated/Rev                                 | lewed 04/1 | /2012 |      |             |  |
| 1. Enter Ambulation                              |            |       | 1    |             |  |
| C Full   |            |       |      |             |  |
| CReduced   |            |       |      |             |  |
| C Mainly St/Lie                                  |            |       |      |             |  |
| · Mainly In Bed                                  |            |       |      |             |  |
| C Bed Bound                                      |            |       |      |             |  |
| 2. Enter Activity Level/Evidence of Disease      |            |       | >    | >> Click To | Calculate <<<  |
| C Normal - No Disease                            |            |       |      |             | a Constantia Davia   |
| C Normal - Some Disease                          |            |       | coun | nated Mea   | n Survival In Days   |
| C Normal with Effort - Some Disease              |            |       |      | 201         |  |
| C Can't Do Normal Work/Job - Some Disease        | 29         | to    | 29   | days        | *Survival post-admission to an                                 |
| Can't Do Hobbies/Housework - Significant Disease |            |       |      |             | inpatient palliative care unit, all<br>diagnoses. (Virik 2002) |
| Can't Do Any Work - Extensive Disease            |            |       |      |             | diagnoses. (Vink 2002)   |
| 3. Enter Level of Self-Care                      | 4          | to    | 4    | davs        | * Days until inpatient death following                         |
| C Full   |            | 1.00  | 1.14 | Judys       | admission to an acute hospice unit                             |
| Occasional Assistance Needed                     |            |       |      |             | diagnosis not specified (Anderson 1996                         |
| C Considerable Assistance Needed                 |            | No.   |      | -           |  |
| Mainly Assistance Required                       | 108        | to    | 108  | days        | * Survival post admission to an inpatient                      |
| C Total Care Required                            |            |       |      |             | palliative unit, cancer patients only.<br>(Morita 1999)        |
| 4. Enter Intake                                  |            |       |      |             | (monus 1000)   |
| C Normal   |            |       |      |             |  |
| C Normal to Reduced                              |            |       |      |             |  |
| Reduced  |            |       |      |             |  |
| C Minimal  |            |       |      |             |  |
| C Mouth Care Only                                |            |       |      |             |  |
| 5. Enter Level of Consciousness                  |            |       |      |             |  |
| C. Full  |            |       |      |             |  |
| Full or Confusion                                |            |       |      |             |  |
| C Full or Drowsy or Confusion                    |            | ĸ     | 1    | Cancel      | 1  |
| C Drowsy or Coma                                 |            |       | J    | Calicel     | 1  |

| Last Updated/Review  | ed 04/11/2012                                      |
|----------------------|--|
| Sensory Perception   | Mobility   |
| C Completely Limited | C Completely Immobile                              |
| C Very Limited       | C Very Limited                                     |
| Slightly Limited     | Slightly Limited                                   |
| O No Impairment      | No Limitation                                      |
| kin Moisture         | Nutrition  |
| C Completely Moist   | C Very Poor  |
| Very Moist           | C Probably Inadequate                              |
| Occasionally Moist   | Adequate   |
| C Rarely Moist       | C Excellent  |
| ctivity              | Friction and Shear Help                            |
| C Bedfast            | C Problem  |
| Chairfast            | Potential Problem                                  |
| Walks Occasionally   | No Apparent Problem                                |
| C Walks Frequently   |  |
| Score 16 Assessme    | nt The patient has a moderate risk for             |
|                      | developing clinically unavoidable skin<br>lesions. |

|          | Functional Assessment Testing (FAST)   |
|----------|--|
|          | Alzheimer's & Related Disorders  |
|          |  |
|          | Last Updated/Reviewed 04/11/2012   |
| Check of | off all symptoms that apply.   |
|          | No deficits either objectively or subjectively   |
|          | Subjective functional deficits (i.e. complains of forgetting locaiton of objects)  |
|          | Objective functional deficit interferes with a person's most complex task<br>(i.e. decreased job fuctioning evident to co-workers, difficulty in travelling to<br>new locations and decreased organizational capacity) |
|          | IADLS become affected such as bill paying, cooking, cleaning, travelling   |
|          | Needs help selecting proper attire (i.e. improperly putting on clothing for the day<br>season or occasion. Patient may wear the same clothing repeatedly if not supervised.)   |
|          | Needs assistance in putting on clothes (i.e. improperly putting on clothes without<br>assistance or cueing. Patient may put on street clothes on overnight clothes, have<br>difficulty buttoning clothing.)            |
|          | ✓ Needs assistance bathing (i.e. difficulty adjusting bath water temperature)  |
|          | Needs help toileting (i.e. inability to handle mechanics of toileting. Patient forgets to<br>flush, does not wipe or properly dispose of toilet tissue.)   |
|          | Urinary incontinence (intermittment or constant)   |
|          | Fecal incontinence (intermittent or constant)  |
|          | Speaks 5-6 clear words or fewer during the day   |
|          | Speaks only word clearly in an average day. Patient may repeat the same word<br>over and over.   |
|          | Can no longer walk without personal assistance   |
|          | Can no longer sit up without assistance (i.e the patient will fall over if there are not<br>lateral supports on the chair.)  |
|          | Can no longer smile  |
|          | Can no longer hold head up independently   |
|          | Stage Stage Name   |
|          | 7 Severe Dementia  |

The following are our audits for preventive services. SETMA Mid County is a brand new clinic and the providers there are new. Their performance will improve quickly. We are only giving you the data for 2011, but on our website all of the data for 2009, 2010, 2011 and the first quarter of 2012 are posted. Each month, SETMA's providers and nurses have a training meeting in which the use of the disease management tools, clinical decision support tools and provider performance audits are reviewed.

Opportunities and plans for improvement of our performance on the Triple Aim are discussed.



#### NQF - Care for Older Adults

E & M Codes: C Encounter Date(s): J

Clinic Only Jan 1, 2011 Through Dec 30, 2011

| Location         | Provider                | Counseling for<br>Physical Activity | Colorectal Cancer<br>Screening | Fall Risk<br>Assessment | Urinary<br>Incontinence<br>Assessment |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| SETMA 1          | Aziz                    | 52.8%                               | 63.7%                          | 99.0%                   | 95.1%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Duncan                  | 90.8%                               | 68.2%                          | 94.8%                   | 99.2%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Henderson               | 53.1%                               | 65.3%                          | 99.8%                   | 99.7%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Murphy                  | 69.6%                               | 60.6%                          | 98.6%                   | 98.4%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Palang                  | 40.3%                               | 37.0%                          | 98.0%                   | 97.3%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Thomas                  | 31.0%                               | 39.8%                          | 90.6%                   | 96.2%                                 |  |  |
|                  | SETMA 1 Totals:         | 59.9%                               | 59.3%                          | 98.0%                   | 97.8%                                 |  |  |
| SETMA 2          | Anthony                 | 99.2%                               | 69.5%                          | 99.4%                   | 96.9%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Anwar                   | 98.6%                               | 78.5%                          | 98.6%                   | 97.2%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Colbert                 | -                                   | -                              | ÷                       | -                                     |  |  |
|                  | Holty                   | 99.1%                               | 77.4%                          | 100.0%                  | 99.6%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Leifeste                | 88.9%                               | 81.8%                          | 97.7%                   | 98.3%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Wheeler                 | 98.9%                               | 74.5%                          | 97.3%                   | 98.7%                                 |  |  |
|                  | SETMA 2 Totals:         | 96.8%                               | 76.7%                          | 98.4%                   | 98.1%                                 |  |  |
| SETMA Mid County | Aziz                    | 0.0%                                | 0.0%                           | 50.0%                   | 0.0%                                  |  |  |
|                  | George                  | 15.3%                               | 20.8%                          | 85.2%                   | 79.0%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Habert                  | -                                   | 0.0%                           | +                       | -                                     |  |  |
|                  | Shepherd                | 0.0%                                | 15.8%                          | 28.6%                   | 97.6%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Thomas                  | 34.0%                               | 22.7%                          | 87.3%                   | 95.8%                                 |  |  |
| SI               | ETMA Mid County Totals: | 25.3%                               | 21.9%                          | 84.0%                   | 89.2%                                 |  |  |
| SETMA West       | Curry                   | 86.1%                               | 64.2%                          | 99.8%                   | 89.6%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Deiparine               | 52.0%                               | 52.6%                          | 98.6%                   | 98.7%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Halbert                 | 73.2%                               | 52,4%                          | 98.9%                   | 98.3%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Hom                     | 94.0%                               | 65.5%                          | 99.7%                   | 99.1%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Qureshi                 | 47.0%                               | 61.4%                          | 99.6%                   | 97.4%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Satterwhite             | 88.1%                               | 56.2%                          | 99.8%                   | 89.9%                                 |  |  |
|                  | Vardiman                | 77.1%                               | 56.1%                          | 99.1%                   | 94.1%                                 |  |  |

We have a major effort going forward to decrease the use of potentially high risk medications.



#### HEDIS - Effectiveness of Preventive Care - Older Adults

E & M Codes: Clinic Only Encounter Date(s): Jan 1, 2011 through Dec 31, 2011

| Location  | Provider           | Advance<br>Care<br>Planning | Medication<br>Review | Functional<br>Assessment | Pain<br>Screening | At Least 1<br>High Risk<br>Medication | At Least 2<br>High Risk<br>Medications | Glaucoma<br>Screening |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| SETMA 1   | Aziz               | 29.7%                       | 93.3%                | 99.1%                    | 98,8%             | 35.8%                                 | 10.6%                                  | 99.1%                 |
|           | Duncan             | 13.4%                       | 100.0%               | 94.8%                    | 96.5%             | 48.5%                                 | 18.6%                                  | 98.6%                 |
|           | Henderson          | 23.7%                       | 100.0%               | 99.8%                    | 99.8%             | 35.9%                                 | 14.0%                                  | 99.5%                 |
|           | Murphy             | 12.0%                       | 99.9%                | 98.9%                    | 99.2%             | 36.1%                                 | 11.5%                                  | 99.9%                 |
|           | Patang             | 10.1%                       | 98.7%                | 95.5%                    | 98.3%             | 35.4%                                 | 12.2%                                  | 99.6%                 |
|           | Thomas             | 20.9%                       | 93.3%                | 94.0%                    | 100.0%            | 43.3%                                 | 17.2%                                  | 97.6%                 |
|           | SETMA 1 Totals:    | 18.5%                       | 98.1%                | 98.0%                    | 96.7%             | 38,2%                                 | 152%                                   | 99.4%                 |
| SETMA 2   | Anthony            | 36.7%                       | 100.0%               | 99.6%                    | 99.7%             | 32.7%                                 | 9.8%                                   | 99.6%                 |
|           | Anwar              | 71.1%                       | 100.0%               | 98.8%                    | 98.8%             | 28.6%                                 | 9.7%                                   | 99.6%                 |
|           | Holty              | 24.5%                       | 100.0%               | 100.0%                   | 100.0%            | 25.3%                                 | 6.1%                                   | 100.0%                |
|           | Lefeste            | 14.0%                       | 100.0%               | 97.7%                    | 98.0%             | 29.8%                                 | 11.6%                                  | 98.7%                 |
|           | Wheeler            | 35.2%                       | 94.5%                | 97.5%                    | 97.5%             | 42,4%                                 | \$6.3%                                 | 99.4%                 |
|           | SETMA 2 Totals:    | 45.3%                       | 99.2%                | 98.6%                    | 98.6%             | 31.3%                                 | 10.9%                                  | 99.4%                 |
| ETMA Mid  | George             | 11.0%                       | 100.0%               | 95.9%                    | 95.9%             | 20.5%                                 | 0.0%                                   | 100.0%                |
| County    | Thomas             | 22.9%                       | 94.9%                | 94.9%                    | 96.3%             | 39.8%                                 | 9.3%                                   | 97.3%                 |
| SETMA     | Mid County Totals: | 18.3%                       | 96.9%                | 95.3%                    | 97.4%             | 32.5%                                 | 5.8%                                   | 98.4%                 |
| ETMA West | Curty              | 9.0%                        | 99.8%                | 99.8%                    | 99.8%             | 34.4%                                 | 14.2%                                  | 99.8%                 |
|           | Departe            | 11:6%                       | 99.5%                | 98.9%                    | 98,9%             | 35.5%                                 | 13.8%                                  | 100.0%                |
|           | Habert             | 6.9%                        | 100.0%               | 99.2%                    | 99.2%             | 32.4%                                 | 13.2%                                  | 99.4%                 |
|           | Hom                | 17.2%                       | 100.0%               | 99.6%                    | 99.6%             | 37.4%                                 | 13.1%                                  | 98.6%                 |
|           | Qureshi            | 13,4%                       | 100.0%               | 100.0%                   | 100.0%            | 43.5%                                 | 16.0%                                  | 87.5%                 |
|           | Satterwhite        | 17.7%                       | 100.0%               | 100.0%                   | 100.0%            | 41.3%                                 | 16.0%                                  | 99.5%                 |
|           | Vardiman           | 11.2%                       | 99.6%                | 99.4%                    | 99.4%             | 37.8%                                 | 15.4%                                  | 94.1%                 |
| 5         | ETMA West Totals:  | 11.5%                       | 99.9%                | 99.5%                    | 99.5%             | 36.3%                                 | 14.2%                                  | 97.4%                 |
|           | SETMA Totals:      | 25.6%                       | 99.0%                | 96.6%                    | 96.9%             | 15.2%                                 | 13.3%                                  | 98.8%                 |



#### HEDIS - Effectiveness of Preventive Care

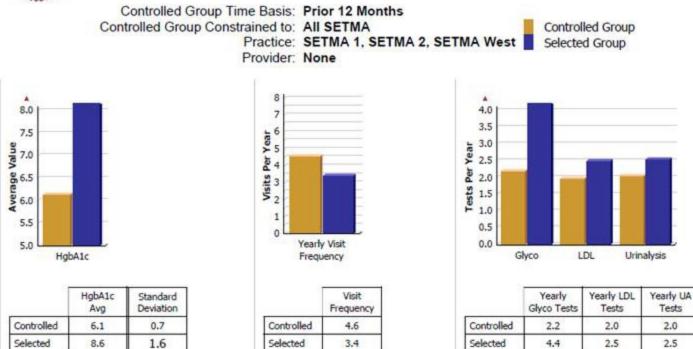
E & M Codes: Clinic Only Encounter Date(s): Jan 1, 2011 through Dec 31, 2011

| Location   | Provider         | Adult BMI | Breast<br>Cancer<br>Screening | Cervical<br>Cancer<br>Screening | Chlamydia<br>Screening | Childhood<br>Immuni-<br>zations | Colorectal<br>Cancer<br>Screening | Lead<br>Screening in<br>Children | Child BM  |
|------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| SETMA 1    | Aziz             | 94.5%     | 34.6%                         | 75.2%                           | -                      | 2 <del>4</del> 7 1              | 94.3%                             | ( <del></del>                    |           |
|            | Duncan           | 97.3%     | 39.7%                         | 78.9%                           | -                      | ( <del></del>                   | 96.8%                             |                                  | ÷:        |
|            | Henderson        | 98.9%     | 60.2%                         | 75.5%                           |                        |                                 | 95.5%                             | 300 C                            | ÷.        |
|            | Murphy           | 97.6%     | 38.7%                         | 71.6%                           | -                      |                                 | 96.9%                             |                                  | ÷:        |
|            | Palang           | 97.7%     | 50.0%                         | 63.5%                           | -                      | 1411                            | 98.1%                             | -                                | ÷.        |
|            | Thomas           | 100.0%    | 60.7%                         | 58.8%                           |                        | 200                             | 95.2%                             | (m);                             | ÷.        |
|            | SETMA 1 Totals:  | 97.4%     | 45.1%                         | 75.0%                           | -                      |                                 | 96.1%                             |                                  | -         |
| SETMA 2    | Anthony          | 99.6%     | 49.4%                         | 66.3%                           | -                      |                                 | 98.1%                             | (e)                              | ÷.        |
|            | Anwar            | 99.6%     | 71.7%                         | 82.5%                           | -                      | -                               | 98.2%                             |                                  | -         |
|            | Cricchio, A      | 97.4%     | 43.2%                         | 59.5%                           | -                      | -                               | 98.7%                             |                                  | Ĥ.        |
|            | Cricchio, M      | 99.7%     | 52.2%                         | 65.5%                           | -                      |                                 | 98.6%                             |                                  | 77:       |
|            | Holly            | 100.0%    | 50.0%                         | 72.7%                           | -                      | -                               | 100.0%                            |                                  | <u>44</u> |
|            | Leifeste         | 100.0%    | 74.2%                         | 75.2%                           | -                      | 1000                            | 100.0%                            |                                  | +         |
|            | Wheeler          | 98.9%     | 50.9%                         | 81.9%                           | -                      | (m)                             | 98.2%                             | 343                              | ÷.        |
|            | SETMA 2 Totals:  | 99.4%     | 59.7%                         | 74.4%                           | -                      |                                 | 98.6%                             |                                  | -         |
| SETMA West | Curry            | 100.0%    | 55.3%                         | 77.3%                           |                        | -                               | 99.0%                             | -                                |           |
|            | Deiparine        | 98.5%     | 40.7%                         | 59.2%                           | -                      | 2 <del>40</del> 0               | 97.3%                             | (#))                             | (H)       |
|            | Halbert          | 99.8%     | 31.6%                         | 38.8%                           | 2                      | 22.5                            | 96,1%                             | 225                              | -         |
|            | Hom              | 99.9%     | 39.9%                         | 57.3%                           | -                      |                                 | 96.9%                             |                                  |           |
|            | Qureshi          | 99.6%     | 44.8%                         | 57.5%                           | -                      | -                               | 97.0%                             | -                                | -         |
|            | Satterwhite      | 99.1%     | 36.8%                         | 50.0%                           | -                      | -                               | 97.4%                             | -                                | 14        |
|            | Vardiman         | 100.0%    | 44.0%                         | 59.6%                           | -                      |                                 | 93.7%                             | -                                |           |
| SE         | TMA West Totals: | 99.6%     | 41.2%                         | 56.8%                           | -                      |                                 | 96.9%                             | -                                | -         |
|            | SETMA Totals:    | 99.0%     | 48.0%                         | 66.5%                           | -                      | 144.1                           | 97.2%                             | -                                |           |

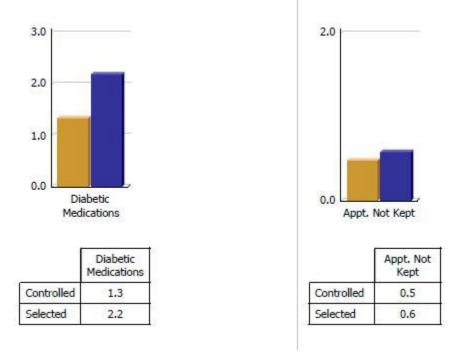
The following are the auditing results for screening of our Medicare Advantage patients which represent 32% of our patients and 50% of our visits. This data is for January-March, 2012



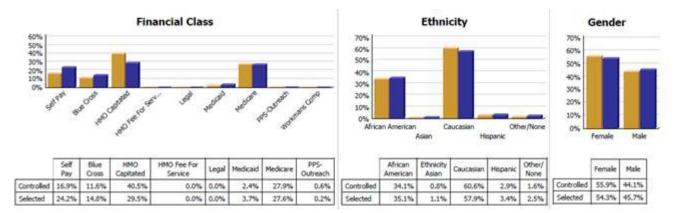
# Chronic Diabetes - Measures Comparison (Most Recent 12 Months)



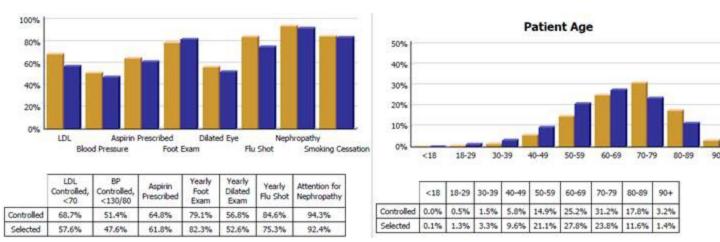
The above compares the standard deviation of our controlled patients with diabetes (gold) and that of the uncontrolled. We established our goal to be .7 for our diabetes populations. We discovered that our controlled patients were seen 1.2 times more often. This is statistically significant and we saw an opportunity to improve the control of all of our patients by making sure that all patients with diabetes had 4-5 visits a year.



No leverage points for improvement were found in the data above. (the controlled are gold and are patients with diabetes treated to goal and the selected are the uncontrolled patients in purple)



From the above, we found that our HMO capitated patients who have zero office co-pay are treated more effectively than Fee-for-Service Medicare allowing the inference that the cost of care for the FFS Medicare patients is a barrier to the effectiveness of care in that when that barrier is removed in a similar population that the care improves. We were able to see that for diabetes we had eliminated ethnic disparities of care.



From the above profile, we were able to see that our older patients have better control of diabetes than our younger patients. Concerned that this might reflect co-morbidities rather than excellence of care, we tested the patients for malnutrition (pre-albumin), weight loss and appetite and found that they were not malnourished but were responding well to increased attention.

The following is the diabetes quality measurement set of PCPI. The elements are collected automatically without the provider doing anything, but at the point of service, once the provider completes the audit of patent's care can be reviewed by the provider.

| an nue hane   | of had a Hampalah  | in A1c within the last year?   | Yes                | Order HgbA1c        |
|---|--|--|--------------------|---------------------|
| Date of   |  |  | 103                | order rigoArte      |
| as the patie  | ent had a Lipid Profi  | e witin the last year?   | Yes                | Order Lipid Profile |
| Date of   |  |  |                    | -                   |
| as the patie  | ent had a urinalvais   | within the last year?  | Yes                | Order Urinalysis    |
| Date of   | 1 percentation   | ]  |                    |                     |
| as the natio  | ont had a dilated eve  | e exam within the last year?   | No                 | Add Referral Below  |
| Date of   | part of the second seco | ]  |                    |                     |
|   | ent had a flu shot w   | This the last user?  | Yes                | Order Flu Shot      |
| Date of   |  | wint are last year?  | ICS                | Order Pia Sildt     |
|   |  |  |                    |                     |
| and the second  | and the second se  | nonofilament exam within the   | last year? Yes     | Click to Complete   |
| Date of   | Last 00/24/2011  |  | 12                 |                     |
|   | atient allergic to asp<br>is blood pressure o  | inin? • Yes •<br>ontrolled (<130/80 mmHg)?   | No                 |                     |
|   |  |  |                    |                     |
|   | Blood Pressure   | 140 / 95   |                    |                     |
| Today's   |  |  | six months?        | Follow-Up Visit     |
| Today's   |  | 140 / 95   | six months?        | Follow-Up Visit     |
| Today's<br>Does the pat                                   | ient have at least o   | ne visit schedule for the next   |                    | Follow-Up Visit     |
| Today's<br>Does the pat                                   | ient have at least o<br>etes Treatment Plar  | ne visit schedule for the next   |                    |                     |
| Today's<br>loes the pat                                   | ient have at least o<br>etes Treatment Plar  | ne visit schedule for the next   |                    |                     |
| Today's<br>looes the pat<br>las the Diab<br>Date Las      | ient have at least o<br>etes Treatment Plar  | ne visit schedule for the next   | it year? Yes       |                     |
| Today's<br>oes the pat<br>as the Diab<br>Date Lar<br>Re   | ient have at least o<br>etes Treatment Plar<br>st Completed 12/  | ne visit schedule for the next   | Active Medications | Click to Complete   |
| Today's<br>loes the pat<br>las the Diab<br>Date Lar<br>Re | ient have at least o<br>eles Treatment Plar<br>st Completed 12/<br>eferrals  | ne visit schedule for the next<br>been completed with the las<br>28/2011<br>Double-Click to Add/Edit | t year? Yes        | Click to Complete   |
| Today's<br>loes the pat<br>las the Diab<br>Date Lat<br>Re | ient have at least o<br>eles Treatment Plar<br>st Completed 12/<br>eferrals  | ne visit schedule for the next<br>been completed with the las<br>28/2011<br>Double-Click to Add/Edit | Active Medications | Click to Complete   |

The following is the PCPI diabetes audit for 2011. Once again, 2009, 2010, 2011 and the first quarter of 2012 are on our website.



#### **Diabetes Consortium - Blood Pressure Management**

E & M Codes: Clin Encounter Date(s): Jan

Clinic Only Jan 1, 2011 through Dec 31, 2011

Report Criteria:

Patients 18 to 75 With a Chronic Diagnosis of Diabetes

Specialists Excluded (Dr. Ahmed Included)

|                 |              |       | Systolic |         |         |         |         |         |        |                |       | Diastolic |       |       |         |        |                |  |  |
|-----------------|--------------|-------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|----------------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|---------|--------|----------------|--|--|
| Location        | Provider     | < 120 | 120-129  | 130-139 | 140-149 | 150-159 | 160-169 | 170-179 | >= 180 | Not<br>Present | < 75  | 75-79     | 80-89 | 90-99 | 100-109 | >= 110 | Not<br>Present |  |  |
| SETMA           | Aziz         | 26.6% | 31.8%    | 19.2%   | 13.6%   | 5.0%    | 2.9%    | 0.3%    | 0.7%   | 0.0%           | 55.0% | 13.1%     | 25.6% | 5.5%  | 0.3%    | 0.3%   | 0.1%           |  |  |
| 1               | Duncan       | 35.1% | 35.3%    | 18.4%   | 8.0%    | 1.1%    | 0.8%    | 0.0%    | 0.0%   | 1.3%           | 50.1% | 9.7%      | 35.1% | 3.8%  | 0.0%    | 0.0%   | 1.3%           |  |  |
|                 | Henderson    | 36.3% | 33.1%    | 18.1%   | 7.8%    | 2.9%    | 1.0%    | 0.3%    | 0.3%   | 0.2%           | 55.4% | 11,8%     | 28.1% | 4.0%  | 0.2%    | 0,3%   | 0.2%           |  |  |
|                 | Murphy       | 30.5% | 29.4%    | 23.0%   | 9.5%    | 3.6%    | 2.2%    | 0.8%    | 0.8%   | 0.2%           | 48.5% | 8.1%      | 33.9% | 7.2%  | 1.7%    | 0.4%   | 0.2%           |  |  |
|                 | Palang       | 10.6% | 33.2%    | 29.4%   | 16.1%   | 6.5%    | 2.0%    | 0.5%    | 0.0%   | 1.8%           | 54.5% | 5.0%      | 32.2% | 5.8%  | 0.8%    | 0.0%   | 1.8%           |  |  |
|                 | Thomas       | 14.0% | 41.2%    | 21.1%   | 14.9%   | 6.1%    | 1.8%    | 0.9%    | 0.0%   | 0.0%           | 28.1% | 14.9%     | 50.0% | 6.1%  | 0.0%    | 0.0%   | 0.9%           |  |  |
| SETMA 1 Totals: |              | 28.5% | 32.4%    | 21.3%   | 10.8%   | 3.8%    | 1.9%    | 0.4%    | 0.4%   | 0.5%           | 51.4% | 10.0%     | 31.6% | 5.5%  | 0.7%    | 0.2%   | 0.6%           |  |  |
| SETMA<br>2      | Ahmed        | 36.3% | 24.4%    | 28.1%   | 8.9%    | 1.6%    | 0.3%    | 0.1%    | 0.0%   | 0.2%           | 63.1% | 12.6%     | 21.6% | 2.2%  | 0.3%    | 0.0%   | 0.2%           |  |  |
|                 | Anthony      | 29.6% | 33.1%    | 19.8%   | 11.8%   | 2.7%    | 1.7%    | 0.8%    | 0.5%   | 0.0%           | 48.4% | 18.1%     | 29.6% | 3.0%  | 0.7%    | 0.2%   | 0.0%           |  |  |
|                 | Anwar        | 17.0% | 48.0%    | 24.9%   | 7.0%    | 2.0%    | 0.7%    | 0.0%    | 0.2%   | 0.1%           | 71.2% | 14.2%     | 12.5% | 1.5%  | 0,2%    | 0.1%   | 0.2%           |  |  |
|                 | Cricchio, A  | 25.1% | 36.2%    | 23.0%   | 9.3%    | 3.6%    | 1,7%    | 0.3%    | 0.4%   | 0.4%           | 56.5% | 13.6%     | 25.0% | 4.1%  | 0.4%    | 0.1%   | 0.3%           |  |  |
|                 | Cricchio, M  | 35.3% | 23.5%    | 20.9%   | 11,6%   | 3.5%    | 2,8%    | 1.2%    | 0.5%   | 0.7%           | 58.9% | 12.4%     | 20.7% | 6.5%  | 0.8%    | 0.1%   | 0.5%           |  |  |
|                 | Deiparine    | 0.0%  | 0.0%     | 0.0%    | 0.0%    | 0.0%    | 0.0%    | 0.0%    | 100.0% | 0.0%           | 0.0%  | 0.0%      | 0.0%  | 0.0%  | 0.0%    | 100.0% | 0.0%           |  |  |
|                 | Holty        | 28.2% | 58.2%    | 10.0%   | 1.8%    | 0.6%    | 0.6%    | 0.0%    | 0.6%   | 0.0%           | 70.0% | 18.2%     | 11.2% | 0.6%  | 0.0%    | 0.0%   | 0.0%           |  |  |
|                 | Leifeste     | 37.6% | 26.8%    | 23.2%   | 7.0%    | 2.6%    | 1,1%    | 0.5%    | 1.1%   | 0.1%           | 54.3% | 15.0%     | 25.3% | 4.2%  | 0.5%    | 0.5%   | 0.1%           |  |  |
|                 | Wheeler      | 22.0% | 32.7%    | 22.8%   | 11.1%   | 4.6%    | 4.4%    | 1.4%    | 0.6%   | 0.2%           | 57,4% | 7.7%      | 27.7% | 6.1%  | 1.0%    | 0.0%   | 0.2%           |  |  |
| SET             | MA 2 Totals: | 30.8% | 31.2%    | 24.2%   | 9.0%    | 2.5%    | 1,3%    | 0.5%    | 0.4%   | 0.2%           | 60.4% | 13.4%     | 22.0% | 3.3%  | 0.5%    | 0.2%   | 0.2%           |  |  |
| SETMA           | Curry        | 23.9% | 30.5%    | 24.1%   | 12.6%   | 6.3%    | 1.4%    | 0.0%    | 1.1%   | 0.0%           | 52.9% | 12.9%     | 27.9% | 4.9%  | 1.4%    | 0.0%   | 0.0%           |  |  |
| West            | Deiparine    | 21.6% | 27.4%    | 22.2%   | 14.2%   | 7.0%    | 4.3%    | 1.6%    | 1.5%   | 0.1%           | 50.7% | 9.1%      | 24.0% | 12.1% | 3.0%    | 0.9%   | 0,1%           |  |  |
|                 | Halbert      | 30.6% | 24.9%    | 21,9%   | 12.0%   | 6.0%    | 3.3%    | 0.7%    | 0.4%   | 0.2%           | 51,6% | 13.3%     | 27.6% | 5.4%  | 1.8%    | 0.1%   | 0.1%           |  |  |
|                 | Hom          | 24.7% | 41.5%    | 31.9%   | 1.4%    | 0.2%    | 0.2%    | 0.2%    | 0.0%   | 0.0%           | 53.0% | 14.8%     | 31.3% | 0.8%  | 0.2%    | 0.0%   | 0.0%           |  |  |
|                 | Qureshi      | 31.9% | 39.6%    | 17.2%   | 6.1%    | 2.4%    | 1.8%    | 0.3%    | 0.3%   | 0.5%           | 51.7% | 15.6%     | 28.5% | 2.1%  | 1.6%    | 0.0%   | 0.5%           |  |  |
|                 | Satterwhite  | 17.9% | 28.9%    | 25.2%   | 11.6%   | 5.0%    | 1.3%    | 1.0%    | 1.0%   | 8.0%           | 42.9% | 15.0%     | 23.6% | 7.0%  | 2.3%    | 1.3%   | 8.0%           |  |  |
|                 | Vardiman     | 26.2% | 22.7%    | 26.5%   | 17.0%   | 3.5%    | 2.2%    | 0.3%    | 1.4%   | 0.3%           | 51,1% | 14.6%     | 27.8% | 4.3%  | 1.4%    | 0.5%   | 0.3%           |  |  |
| SETMA           | West Totals: | 25.9% | 30.5%    | 24.2%   | 10.4%   | 4.5%    | 2.3%    | 0,7%    | 0.7%   | 0.8%           | 51.1% | 13.3%     | 27.4% | 5.4%  | 1.7%    | 0.4%   | 0.8%           |  |  |

There are currently twelve different published audit sets for diabetes. We track all of those. The following is the audit set with measures, discriminators and the aggregate score for the NCQA Diabetes Recognition program. That program changed this in February of 2012 and SETMA is updating our audit to reflect the new standards. All of SETMA providers and clinics have NCQA Diabetes Recognition.

HEAST TE

| Location<br>Name | Provider    | Encounters | A1c >9.0<br><= 15% | A1c < 8.0<br>>= 60% | A1c < 7.0<br>>= 40% | BP ><br>140/90<br><= 35% | BP <<br>130/80<br>>= 25% | Eye Exam<br>>= 60% | Smoking<br>Cessation<br>>= 80% | LDL >=<br>130 <=<br>37 % | LDL < 100<br>>= 36% | Nephropathy<br>>= 80% | Foot Exam |
|------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| SETMA 1          | Aziz        | 1,078      | 10.6%              | 72.5%               | 58.3%               | 18.2%                    | 56.8%                    | 60.2%              | 95.6%                          | 13.5%                    | 69.6%               | 83.4%                 | 74.6%     |
|                  | Duncan      | 766        | 8.6%               | 79.5%               | 67.4%               | 12.5%                    | 68.7%                    | 57.7%              | 93.6%                          | 15.4%                    | 65.9%               | 81.6%                 | 79.9%     |
|                  | Halbert     | 1          | 0.0%               | 100.0%              | 100.0%              | 0.0%                     | 100.0%                   | 0.0%               |                                | 0.0%                     | 100.0%              | 0.0%                  | 100.0%    |
|                  | Henderson   | 848        | 10.1%              | 78.4%               | 66,5%               | 9.4%                     | 69.5%                    | 60.4%              | 95.9%                          | 13.1%                    | 66.4%               | 84.2%                 | 93.6%     |
|                  | Murphy      | 1,504      | 6.0%               | 84.7%               | 70.5%               | 14.3%                    | 57.7%                    | 45.9%              | 85.1%                          | 10.6%                    | 75.5%               | 87.8%                 | 82.4%     |
|                  | Palang      | 675        | 5.5%               | 51.6%               | 42.7%               | 19.7%                    | 53.0%                    | 22.5%              | 95.5%                          | 7.7%                     | 50.1%               | 34.7%                 | 31.0%     |
|                  | Thomas      | 166        | 9.6%               | 70.5%               | 47.0%               | 18.1%                    | 56.0%                    | 77.7%              | 100.0%                         | 11.4%                    | 62.7%               | 75.9%                 | 82.5%     |
| SETMA 2          | Ahmed       | 2,938      | 14.4%              | 43.2%               | 29.0%               | 8.3%                     | 61.7%                    | 63.9%              | 73.5%                          | 11.3%                    | 64.2%               | 71.0%                 | 99.3%     |
|                  | Anthony     | 843        | 9.7%               | 78.9%               | 66.1%               | 14.1%                    | 66.5%                    | 66.5%              | 83.5%                          | 10.3%                    | 69.4%               | 93.5%                 | 96.1%     |
|                  | Anwar       | 1,408      | 8.5%               | 78.3%               | 64.0%               | 5.0%                     | 80.0%                    | 64.8%              | 96.5%                          | 11.2%                    | 65.8%               | 92.0%                 | 75.3%     |
|                  | Cricchio, A | 884        | 11.9%              | 44.9%               | 29.6%               | 9.2%                     | 71.7%                    | 64.6%              | 80.2%                          | 10.1%                    | 69.6%               | 76.5%                 | 99.3%     |
|                  | Cricchio, M | 964        | 7.0%               | 76.9%               | 63.7%               | 15.5%                    | 60.8%                    | 65.0%              | 67.6%                          | 9.5%                     | 68.0%               | 91.6%                 | 86.5%     |
|                  | Deiparine   | 1          | 0.0%               | 0.0%                | 0.0%                | 100.0%                   | 0.0%                     | 100.0%             |                                | 0.0%                     | 100.0%              | 100.0%                | 100.0%    |
|                  | Holly       | 283        | 6.7%               | 84.1%               | 71.4%               | 3.9%                     | 83.0%                    | 81.6%              | 71.4%                          | 11.3%                    | 71.4%               | 97.5%                 | 95.4%     |
|                  | Leifeste    | 991        | 6.3%               | 81.6%               | 71.0%               | 13.3%                    | 63.2%                    | 72.4%              | 58.3%                          | 7.9%                     | 70.0%               | 89.2%                 | 83.5%     |
|                  | Wheeler     | 679        | 6.9%               | 85.0%               | 74.1%               | 21.6%                    | 57.1%                    | 58.8%              | 81.7%                          | 12.8%                    | 62.7%               | 90.3%                 | 89.1%     |
| SETMA            | Curry       | 435        | 9.0%               | 75.2%               | 60.2%               | 16.1%                    | 60.9%                    | 70.8%              | 88.9%                          | 13.6%                    | 64.1%               | 87.6%                 | 88.3%     |
| West             | Deiparine   | 836        | 9.4%               | 72.0%               | 57.2%               | 23.2%                    | 52.2%                    | 47.8%              | 95.5%                          | 13.0%                    | 59.1%               | 72.0%                 | 83.1%     |
|                  | Halbert     | 1,346      | 10.1%              | 73.8%               | 61.8%               | 20.1%                    | 55.4%                    | 36.8%              | 96.3%                          | 14.9%                    | 61.5%               | 59.6%                 | 81.4%     |
|                  | Horn        | 802        | 5.9%               | 79.6%               | 66.7%               | 2.1%                     | 68.8%                    | 47.3%              | 92.2%                          | 16.2%                    | 55.0%               | 81.2%                 | 92.6%     |
|                  | Qureshi     | 484        | 17.6%              | 62.8%               | 52.3%               | 9.1%                     | 71.1%                    | 51.2%              | 94.1%                          | 16.3%                    | 58.5%               | 66.7%                 | 95.5%     |
|                  | Satterwhite | 370        | 16.2%              | 60.3%               | 47.3%               | 24.1%                    | 54.6%                    | 52.7%              | 95.0%                          | 19.5%                    | 51.1%               | 76.8%                 | 80.5%     |
|                  | Vardiman    | 572        | 9.6%               | 72.9%               | 60.0%               | 21.5%                    | 47.9%                    | 57.7%              | 96.6%                          | 15.0%                    | 58.2%               | 64.5%                 | 85.1%     |

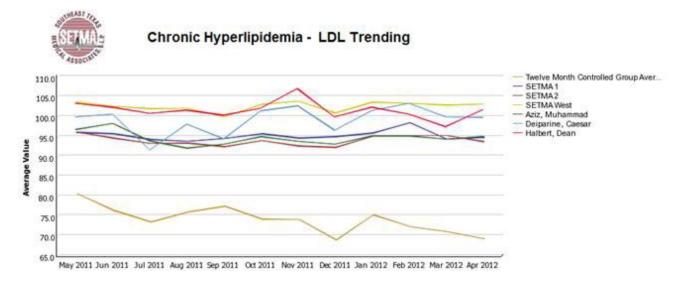
CONCOL Diabetes Measures Encounter Date(s): January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011

This is the master template for the Lipid Disease Management Tool

The following is the master template in the Lipid Disease Management Tool built by SETMA. The link to the full tutorial is: Lipids Tutorial

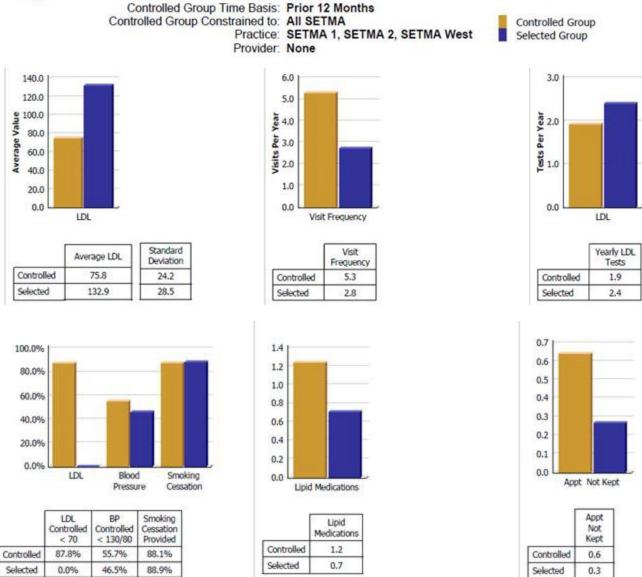
| Lipids M   | lanagemen   | t Patie                | nt Jonny     |           | ZTest  |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| and the second   | Lipid Philosophy  | A                      | <b>je</b> 31 | Sex       | M  |
| Compliance   |   | Most Recent L          | abs Go       | als       | Risk Factors   |
| Last Lipid   | 09/21/2011  | Check for              | or New La    | bs        | Coronary Heart Disease   |
| Last CRP   | 11  | Cholesterol            | 165          | 09/21/201 | MI (Heart Attack)  |
| Last Liver Panel   | 07/07/2011  | HDL                    | 30           | 09/21/201 | 1 CABG   |
| Height   | 72.00 inches  | <b>Cholesterol/HDL</b> | 5.50         |           | Non-Coronary Atherosclerosis   |
| Weight   | pounds  | Triglycerides          | 111          | 09/21/201 | The second  |
| BMI  | 0.00  | Trig/HDL               | 3.70         |           | Cerebrovascular Disease  |
| Body Fat   | 32.2 %  | Chylomicrons           | • Г - Г      |           | Aortic Aneurysm  |
| BMR  | cal/day   | СРК                    |              | 11        | Framingham Risk Scores   |
| Protein Req  | grams/day   | LDL                    | 234          | 10/20/201 |  |
| Waist  | 34.50 inches  | VLDL                   | 0            |           | 10-Year Stroke Risk 11 %   |
| Blood Pressure   |   | LDL-Remnant            | 0            | Info      | Global Cardio Score 13.5 pts   |
| 140 / 9  | 5 mmHg  | Homocystiene           | 0            | 11        | → Male Age > 45  |
| 1  | mmHg  | hsCRP                  | .0           | 11        | Female Age > 55  |
|  | mmHg  | Apo A1                 | .0           |           | Hypertension > 140/90  |
| Diabetes Mellitus  | + • - •   | Apo E2                 | .0           |           | Blood Pressure Medications   |
| Metabolic Syndro   |   | Apo E4                 | 0.           |           | Smoking  |
| Metabolic Sylidic  |   | 1                      | abs Over     | Time      | HDL  |
|  | Classification  | VAP Test Resu          | ilts         | 11        | ✓ Male < 40  |
| 01.01  | a C lib   | Apo B                  |              |           | FHx Premature HD   |
| CICI   | V C V   | HDL 2                  |              |           | Male First Degree < 55   |
| and the second s |   | HDL 3                  |              |           | Female First Degree < 65   |
| Help   | Info  | HDL Chol V             | AP           |           | Assessment Update  |
| Last Updated/Re  | and the second se |                        |              |           | Aggressive measures must be<br>taken to lower LDL to below 70.   |
|  | 02/24/2010  | IDL VLDL 3             |              |           | the state of the s |

With the use of the disease management tool for Lipids, the following auditing and analytics can be done electronically.

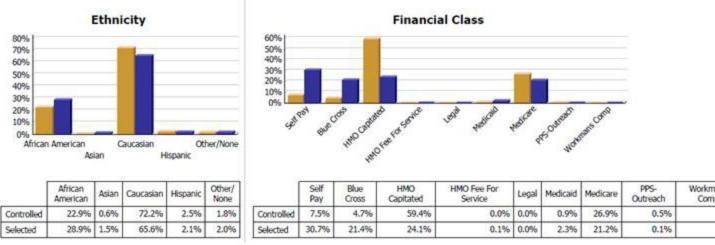




### Chronic Hyperlipidemia - Measures Comparison (Most Recent 12 Months)



The following audit shows that we have not eliminate ethnic disparities in care of patients with dyslipidemia. We believe this is cultural and we are working on it. We see once again that our Medicare Advantage patients (HMO) are better treated that our Medicare FFS patients.



There is no nationally endorsed quality metric set for lipids, therefore SETMA design this one and the audit bellows shows our performance.

| Most Recent Values  | Cholesterol  | 165 09/21/2011                              | HDL 30  | 09/21/2011  | 1  |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|
|   | Triglycercides   | 111 09/21/2011                              | LDL 113   | 09/21/2011  | ]  |
| las the patient had a lipid profile within the last y   | year?  |   | Yes   | Click t   | o Order  |
| las the Lipids Treatment Plan been completed w  | within the last year?  | ,   | Yes   | Click to  | Generate   |
| ias the patient been assessed for Cardiometabl  | olic Risk Syndrome   | within the last year?                       | Yes   | Click to  | Assess   |
| If Cardiometabolic Risk Syndrome present, is  | t listed as a chroni   | ic condition?                               | No  | Click   | to Add   |
| If most recent LDL > 100, is the patient on a stati   | n?   |   | N/A   | Click to  | Add Med  |
| Is the patient allergic to statins? • Yes   | C No   |   |   | 2   |  |
| Have the following lifestyle changes been recon<br>Stop Smoking, Exercise, Lose Weight, Low C   | and the second sec |   | Yes   | Свск  | to Add   |
|   |  |   |   |   |  |
|   |  |   | Yes   | Click to  | Update   |
|   | e AND one of the fi  | ollowing?                                   | Yes   | -   | OUpdate  |
| using the Framingham Cardiovascular Risk Score<br>Global Cardiovascular Risk Score, Fredericks<br>Lipid Disease Management Risk Assessment  | e AND one of the fi<br>on Classification o   | ollowing?<br>f Dyslipidemia,                | Yes   | -   |  |
| using the Framingham Cardiovascular Risk Score<br>Global Cardiovascular Risk Score, Fredericks<br>Lipid Disease Management Risk Assessment  | e AND one of the fi<br>on Classification o   | ollowing?<br>f Dyslipidemia,<br>once?       | Yes   | Double-click t<br>Referral<br>SETMA<br>Infectipus   | o add MNT referral<br>Status<br>Completed                                  |
| using the Framingham Cardiovascular Risk Score<br>Global Cardiovascular Risk Score, Fredericks<br>Lipid Disease Management Risk Assessment<br>Has the patient been referred to Medical Nutrition<br>Does the patient have Diabetes? | e AND one of the fr<br>on Classification o<br>Therapy at least o<br>Yes  | otlowing?<br>f Dyslipidemia,<br>once?<br>Dt | Yes<br>bes the patient l<br>ent's blood pres<br>Today's | Double-click t<br>Referral<br>SETMA<br>Infectious<br>Anave Hypertension<br>sure below 140/<br>Blood Pressure                  | o add MNT referral<br>Status<br>Completed<br>)<br>on? Yes<br>190? No<br>15 |
| Lipid Disease Management Risk Assessment<br>Has the patient been referred to Medical Nutrition<br>Does the patient have Diabetes?<br>If most recent LDL > 70, is the patient on a statin  | AND one of the from Classification on Classification on Therapy at least of Yes ? N/A No   | otlowing?<br>f Dyslipidemia,<br>once?<br>Dt | Yes<br>oes the patient i                                | Double-click t<br>Referral<br>SETMA<br>Infectious<br>Aure Hypertensis<br>sure below 140/<br>Blood Pressure<br>/ 95 mm<br>/ mm | o add MNT referral<br>Status<br>Completed<br>)<br>)<br>on? Yes<br>190? No  |

The following is the audit of the Lipid Quality Metric set which allows us to see leverage points for improvement.



### Lipid Audit

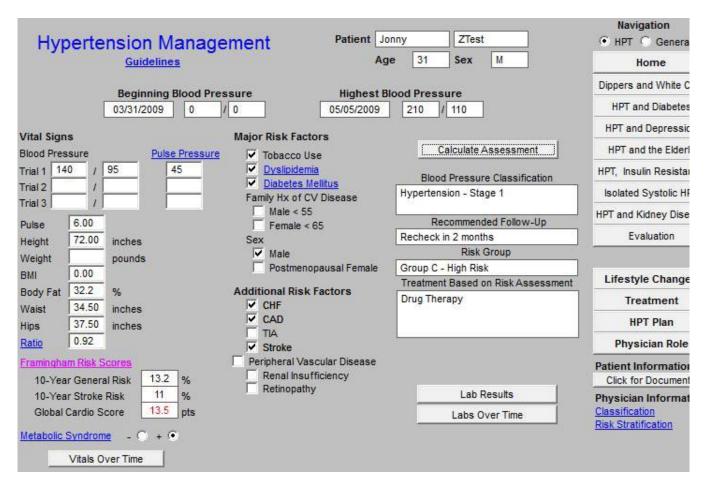
E & M Codes: Clinic Only Encounter Date(s): 01/01/2011

01/01/2011 through 12/31/2011

| Location   | Provider         | Frequency<br>of Lipid<br>Profile | Lipids<br>Treatment<br>Plan | Metabolic<br>Syndrome<br>Assessment | Statin<br>Therapy | Lifestyle<br>Changes | Risk<br>Stratification | Medical<br>Nutrition<br>Therapy | Statin<br>Therapy | Hemoglobin<br>A1c | Blood<br>Pressure<br>Control |
|------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| SETMA 1    | Aziz             | 96.0%                            | 88.3%                       | 51.2%                               | 67.2%             | 99.9%                | 22.5%                  | 2.1%                            | 79.9%             | 57.3%             | 76.7%                        |
|            | Duncan           | 86.9%                            | 96.5%                       | 88.0%                               | 60.9%             | 99.4%                | 49.7%                  | 4.0%                            | 77.5%             | 68.2%             | 85.9%                        |
|            | Halbert          | 100.0%                           | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                              |                   | 100.0%               | 0.0%                   | 0.0%                            |                   | 100.0%            | -                            |
|            | Henderson        | 90.8%                            | 94.5%                       | 84.1%                               | 57.8%             | 99.9%                | 40.6%                  | 5.6%                            | 77.5%             | 66.8%             | 85.9%                        |
|            | Murphy           | 95.3%                            | 95.3%                       | 87.4%                               | 69.0%             | 99.8%                | 33.0%                  | 6.7%                            | 81.9%             | 71.1%             | 79.5%                        |
|            | Palang           | 66.8%                            | 74.2%                       | 87.4%                               | 62.3%             | 99.3%                | 12.8%                  | 1.2%                            | 74.9%             | 43.1%             | 81.1%                        |
|            | Thomas           | 83.6%                            | 94.7%                       | 84.1%                               | 67.1%             | 99.5%                | 38.5%                  | 3.8%                            | 79.6%             | 43.4%             | 74.8%                        |
|            | SETMA 1 Totals : | 89.0%                            | 91.0%                       | 79.0%                               | 63.8%             | 99.7%                | 32.6%                  | 4.2%                            | 79.2%             | 62.8%             | 81.1%                        |
| SETMA 2    | Abbas            | 100.0%                           | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                              | **                | 100.0%               | 0.0%                   | 0.0%                            | 100.0%            | 100.0%            | 100.0%                       |
|            | Anthony          | 90.5%                            | 95.8%                       | 82.1%                               | 62.0%             | 100.0%               | 66.1%                  | S.8%                            | 79.0%             | 65.8%             | 80.2%                        |
|            | Anwar            | 95.0%                            | 92.1%                       | 88.6%                               | 65.0%             | 100.0%               | 82.2%                  | 3.7%                            | 72.7%             | 65.2%             | 88.2%                        |
|            | Cricchio, A      | 91.1%                            | 74.9%                       | 51.7%                               | 75.0%             | 99.9%                | 1.3%                   | 5.7%                            | 81.8%             | 29.5%             | 82.7%                        |
|            | Cricchio, M      | 91.7%                            | 96.7%                       | 88.8%                               | 63.1%             | 100.0%               | 64.0%                  | 7.0%                            | 81.5%             | 64.7%             | 74.8%                        |
|            | Holly            | 97.2%                            | 99.0%                       | 96.0%                               | 74.3%             | 100.0%               | 95.2%                  | 21.1%                           | 89.0%             | 72.5%             | 96.0%                        |
|            | Leifeste         | 92.7%                            | 95.4%                       | 90.2%                               | 63.8%             | 99.7%                | 85.5%                  | 8.6%                            | 83.7%             | 72.1%             | 84.3%                        |
|            | Murphy           | 100.0%                           | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                              |                   | 100.0%               | 100.0%                 | 0.0%                            |                   |                   | 100.0%                       |
|            | Wheeler          | 90.8%                            | 96.4%                       | 89.8%                               | 56.1%             | 99.8%                | 66.5%                  | 6.6%                            | 71.3%             | 73.2%             | 70.5%                        |
|            | SETMA 2 Totals : | 92.6%                            | 93.8%                       | 86.0%                               | 63.2%             | 99.9%                | 70.4%                  | 6.7%                            | 78.4%             | 62.6%             | 81.9%                        |
| SETMA West | Curry            | 91.0%                            | 86.6%                       | 92.2%                               | 51.1%             | 99.8%                | 17.7%                  | 20.1%                           | 68.9%             | 62.0%             | 74.9%                        |
|            | Deiparine        | 84.1%                            | 91.5%                       | 42.1%                               | 55,3%             | 98.8%                | 56.3%                  | 2.6%                            | 73.8%             | 57.9%             | 65.8%                        |
|            | Halbert          | 82.5%                            | 93.2%                       | 74.7%                               | 48.3%             | 98.6%                | 62.2%                  | 2.9%                            | 69.5%             | 63.7%             | 72.3%                        |
|            | Horn             | 85.3%                            | 97.3%                       | 49.4%                               | 54.9%             | 100.0%               | 53.1%                  | 5.6%                            | 74.5%             | 67.9%             | 96.7%                        |
|            | Qureshi          | 80.2%                            | 97.8%                       | 76.7%                               | \$3.3%            | 99.6%                | 59.0%                  | 6.6%                            | 78.3%             | 53.5%             | 87.6%                        |
|            | Satterwhite      | 81.1%                            | 91.8%                       | 86.7%                               | 55.9%             | 98.1%                | 25.4%                  | 10.5%                           | 74.3%             | 49.6%             | 68.5%                        |
|            | Vardiman         | 81.0%                            | 94.7%                       | 68.8%                               | 52.2%             | 99.7%                | 45.5%                  | 6.6%                            | 72.0%             | 63.2%             | 72.1%                        |
| SET        | MA West Totals : | 83.6%                            | 93.5%                       | 65.6%                               | 52.5%             | 99.2%                | 50.8%                  | 6.2%                            | 72.5%             | 61.3%             | 76.9%                        |

The following is the Hypertension Disease management Master Template

This is the link to the full tutorial: Hypertension Tutorial

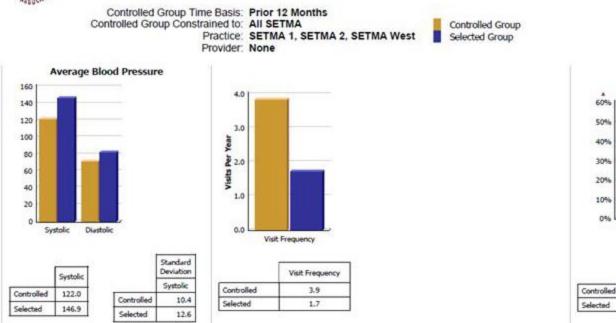


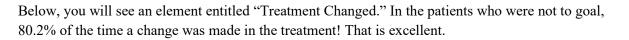
The following are the audits and analysis which we perform for hypertension as we look for patterns and points of leverage for improving the care of our patients with hypertension as we see their health improve and for a lower cost.

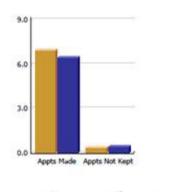
The analytics allow us to compare the patients treated to goal and those who are not to goal in order to discover leverage points for improving the care of all patients. Elements analyzed are frequency of visits, numbers of medication, gender, payer class, ethnicity, age, frequency of testing, etc. In that these analytics are all done electronically, they do not take much time and can be done with increased frequency for increased value. One of the most important elements of analysis is the determining of whether a change was made when a patient is seen who is not to goal. The overcoming of clinical inertia is critical to the improving of patient health or outcomes.



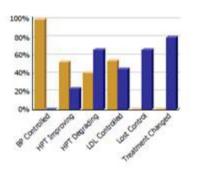
### Chronic Hypertension - Measures Comparison (Most Recent 12 Months)



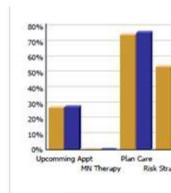




|            | Appts Made | Appts Not Kept |
|------------|------------|----------------|
| Controlled | 7.0        | 0.4            |
| Selected   | 6.4        | 0.4            |



|            | BP Controlled | HPT<br>Improving | HPT<br>Degrading | LDL<br>Controlled | Lost<br>Control | Treatment<br>Changed |
|------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Controlled | 100.0%        | 52.8%            | 40.8%            | 54.1%             | 0.0%            | 0.0%                 |
| Selected   | 0.0%          | 23.3%            | 66.3%            | 44.9%             | 66.3%           | 80.2%                |



60%

50%

40%

30%

20%

10%

0%

Smoking Cessation Provided

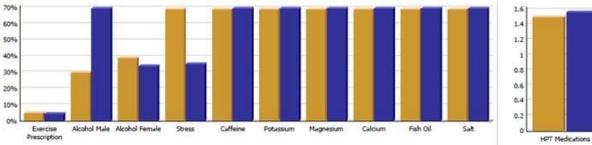
Smoking Cessation

Provided

88.5%

88.2%

|            | Upcomming<br>Appt | MN<br>Therapy | Plan |
|------------|-------------------|---------------|------|
| Controlled | 27.3%             | 0.0%          | 74,  |
| Selected   | 27.8%             | 0.0%          | 76.  |



|            | Exercise<br>Prescription | Alcohol<br>Male | Alcohol<br>Female | Stress | Caffeine | Potassium | Magnesium | Calcium | Fish Oil | Sult  | Weight<br>Mgt |    |
|------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|-------|---------------|----|
| Controlled | 5.1%                     | 30.1%           | 39.1%             | 69.3%  | 69.3%    | 69.3%     | 69.3%     | 69.3%   | 69.3%    | 69.3% | 22.1%         | Co |
| Selected   | 4.6%                     | 69.8%           | 34.3%             | 35.5%  | 69.8%    | 69.8%     | 69.8%     | 69.8%   | 69.8%    | 69.8% | 21.3%         | Se |





This is the PCPI Quality Metrics SET for hypertension and following that is the audit for hypertension care.

| Blood pressure measured at least once this visit              |
|---|
| Blood pressure measurement repeated if elevated               |
| Blood pressure classification determined                      |
| Weight reduction discussed/recommended                        |
| Sodium intake discussed/changes recommended                   |
| Alcohol intake discussed/changes recommended                  |
| Exercise discussed/recommended                                |
| Appropriate follow-up scheduled                               |
| Generate a follow-up document for the patient at least yearly |
| Date Last Generated 01/09/2012                                |



### **Physician Role in Hypertension Management**

E & M Codes: Clinic Only

Encounter Date(s): Jan 1, 2011 through Dec 31, 2011

Report Criteria:

#### Patients 18 And Older With a Chronic Diagnosis of Hypertension Specialsits Excluded

| Location   | Provider        | Blood<br>Pressure<br>Measured | Repeat BP<br>(Elevated) | Class<br>Assessed | Weight<br>Reduction<br>Discussed | Sodium<br>Intake<br>Discussed | Alcohol<br>Intake<br>Discussed | Exercise<br>Discussed | Follow-up<br>Scheduled |
|------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| SETMA 1    | Aziz            | 99.8%                         | 29.3%                   | 31,7%             | 93.9%                            | 33.4%                         | 24.5%                          | 54.9%                 | 98,7%                  |
|            | Duncan          | 99.1%                         | 11.9%                   | 43.6%             | 92.1%                            | 49,7%                         | 42.8%                          | 91.8%                 | 73.4%                  |
|            | Henderson       | 99.8%                         | 76.8%                   | 39.6%             | 96.1%                            | 52.4%                         | 39.0%                          | 55.9%                 | 66.2%                  |
|            | Murphy          | 99.6%                         | 43.3%                   | 46.2%             | 88.0%                            | 52.1%                         | 46.0%                          | 71.7%                 | 0.5%                   |
|            | Palang          | 99.2%                         | 0.3%                    | 34.4%             | 46.6%                            | 44.7%                         | 35.0%                          | 39.7%                 | 96.5%                  |
|            | Thomas          | 99.8%                         | 0.0%                    | 59.8%             | 67.9%                            | 65.3%                         | 60.9%                          | 35.8%                 | 72.6%                  |
|            | SETMA 1 Totals: | 99.5%                         | 32.7%                   | 40.3%             | 84.1%                            | 47.1%                         | 38.6%                          | 62.6%                 | 61.5%                  |
| SETMA 2    | Abbas           | 100.0%                        | -                       | 0.0%              | 100.0%                           | 0.0%                          | 0.0%                           | 0.0%                  | 0.0%                   |
|            | Anthony         | 99.8%                         | 9.4%                    | 47.0%             | 99.1%                            | 50.0%                         | 42.3%                          | 99.2%                 | 66.5%                  |
|            | Anwar           | 99.8%                         | 27.6%                   | 71.4%             | 83.0%                            | 46.2%                         | 37.6%                          | 98.3%                 | 0.1%                   |
|            | Colbert         | 100.0%                        |                         | 0.0%              | 100.0%                           | 0.0%                          | 0.0%                           | 100.0%                | 0.0%                   |
|            | Cricchio, A     | 99.6%                         | 15.0%                   | 2.4%              | 96.7%                            | 4.0%                          | 2.4%                           | 6.8%                  | 97.9%                  |
|            | Cricchio, M     | 99.7%                         | 59.4%                   | 86.6%             | 98.8%                            | 89.3%                         | 88.0%                          | 97.2%                 | 30.6%                  |
|            | Deiparine       | 100.0%                        | 0.0%                    | 0.0%              | 100.0%                           | 0.0%                          | 0.0%                           | 0.0%                  | 100.0%                 |
|            | Holly           | 100.0%                        | 94.0%                   | 97.5%             | 99.8%                            | 98.3%                         | 97.5%                          | 99.2%                 | 98.3%                  |
|            | Leifeste        | 99.8%                         | 73.9%                   | 83.9%             | 99.2%                            | 83.6%                         | 81.5%                          | 90.4%                 | 0.0%                   |
|            | Murphy          | 100.0%                        | -                       | 100.0%            | 100.0%                           | 100.0%                        | 100.0%                         | 100.0%                | 0.0%                   |
|            | Wheeler         | 99.7%                         | 5.2%                    | 84.1%             | 98.7%                            | 84.0%                         | 81.9%                          | 98.9%                 | 3.8%                   |
|            | SETMA 2 Totals: | 99.8%                         | 40.1%                   | 70.5%             | 94.6%                            | 64.8%                         | 60.4%                          | 90.6%                 | 26.6%                  |
| SETMA West | Curry           | 99.9%                         | 17.4%                   | 19.5%             | 88.1%                            | 24.1%                         | 15.7%                          | 84.8%                 | 99.7%                  |
|            | Deiparine       | 99.9%                         | 20.9%                   | 67.3%             | 83.5%                            | 65.6%                         | 59.0%                          | 53.2%                 | 99.3%                  |
|            | Halbert         | 99.6%                         | 9.5%                    | 31.6%             | 71.1%                            | 33.7%                         | 29.6%                          | 73.3%                 | 92.6%                  |
|            | Horn            | 100.0%                        | 91.6%                   | 36.7%             | 75.6%                            | 22.3%                         | 16.5%                          | 94.5%                 | 0.2%                   |
|            | Qureshi         | 99.8%                         | 46.0%                   | 79.3%             | 95.8%                            | 82.5%                         | 75.9%                          | 50.2%                 | 98.3%                  |
|            | Satterwhite     | 92.6%                         | 11.7%                   | 20.6%             | 89.0%                            | 22.4%                         | 17.2%                          | 87.9%                 | 86.2%                  |

C. Organizational Measures (e.g., days to 3rd available appointment)

Organizational measures which SETMA routinely collects are:

Daily Cash Flow report - in order to sustain our quality initiatives, we must maintain the fiscal soundness of the practice. The third prong of the Triple Aim is "lower cost," which really addresses the issue of sustainability. SETMA is debt free and maintains careful accounting of our overhead, cash management, over time, timeliness of payments, cash balances and strategic planning which requires financial resources. All of these are measured and reported on daily and quarterly and annually. They are not included in summary because they are confidential, but they are as critical to quality improvement as anything else we do.

Hospital admission and discharge tracking -- SETMA designed the IMRC (Inpatient Medical Record Census) which tracks date of admission and date of when the history and physical examination was completed and date of discharge and date when discharge summary was completed. Nine years ago, we have five different departments trying to keep an accurate hospital census. Now there is a central, electronic one.

| Stats    | h for Patients |                           |             |             |           |            |             |       |
|----------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------|-------------|-------|
| complete |                |                           | Comple      | ete - 6 mon | this only | Complete m | oore than 6 | morth |
| astName  | ExitName DOB   | Hospital                  | Adm Date    | Dia Date    | Provider  | HP Date    | DS:Date     | CEO   |
|          |                | 05 Baptist                | 04/27/2012  | i.          | Leifeste  | 04/27/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 24 Christus               | 04/26/2012  | ŝ           | Aziz      | 04/27/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 16 Christus               | 04/26/2012  | 8           | Murphy    | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 225 Christus              | 04/26/2012  | 8           | Halbert   | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 230 Baptist               | 04/26/2012  |             | Holly     | 04/27/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 109 Baptist               | 04/26/2012  | i -         | Holly     | 04/27/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 24 Baptist                | 04/25/2012  | ŝ           | Holly     | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 207 Christus              | 04/25/2012  | 8           | Aziz      | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 110 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | é.          | Qureshi   | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 209 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | 8           | Anwar     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 17 Baptist                | 04/25/2012  | é.          | Leifeste  | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 508 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  |             | Ledeste   | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 408 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | é.          | Holly     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 412 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  |             | Holly     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 814 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | 6           | Holly     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 218 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | Ê.          | Qureshi   | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 25 Baptist                | 04/25/2012  | é.          | Anwat     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 112 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | 5           | Holly     | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 327 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | 8           | Holly     | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 025 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | č           | Delparine | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 427 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | E .         | Holly     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 701 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | 6           | Qureshi   | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 801 Baptist               | 04/25/2012  | e -         | Qureshi   | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 018 Christus              | 04/25/2012  |             | Murphy    | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 225 Christus              | 04/25/2012  | 8           | Palang    | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 26 Christus               | 04/25/2012  | 6           | Aziz      | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 106 The Medical Center    | 04/25/2012  | č.          | Thomas    | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 11 The Medical Center     | 04/25/2012  | 8           | Thomas    | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 101 The Medical Center    | 04/25/2012  | E.          | Thomas    | 04/26/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 21 Altus Inpatient Baptis | 104/24/2012 | 6           | Amwar     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 12 Baptist                | 04/24/2012  | 6           | Holly     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |
|          |                | 230 Baptist               | 04/24/2012  | 8           | Holly     | 04/25/2012 |             |       |

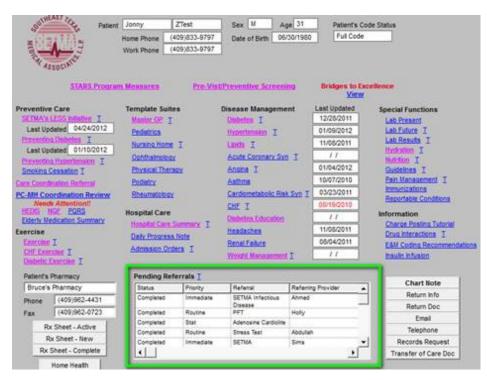
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Work Flow completion - everything we do is electronic. Daily we audit whether providers have completed their work flow where they are alerted to telephone messages, laboratory results, consultations and procedure results.

# Provider Workflow Items - Non Telephone

| Provider     | Total Outstanding Items |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| Ahmed, J     | 6                       |
| Anthony, S   | 16                      |
| Anwar, S     | 51                      |
| Aziz, M      | 36                      |
| Colbert, B   | 15                      |
| Deiparine, C | 1                       |
| Duncan, N    | S                       |
| George, W    | 1                       |
| Halbert, D   | 6                       |
| Holly, J     | 3                       |
| Kusnoor, V   | 7                       |
| Leifeste, A  | 59                      |
| Luviano, D   | 1                       |
| Palang, R    | 6                       |
| Thomas, M    | 5                       |
| Vardiman, J  | 5                       |
| Wheeler, M   | 16                      |

### Referral Tracking



SETMA monitors the progress of referrals through the system from their origination, to their approval, to the appointment or procedure being scheduled to the results of the referral request being returned to the order provider.

In 2008, SETMA formed a Foundation through which our patients can receive support for needed care. The provider can send a Care Coordination Referral for any of the following causes. They are all processed the day they are received. For each of the last three years, the partners of SETMA have given \$500,000 to the foundation. We have seen dramatic changes in patients' lives due to their having access to care they could not otherwise afford. None of the Foundation money can profit SETMA.

| Patient   | Jonny  | ZTest            |   | Home Phone | (409)833-9797 |
|---|--|------------------|---|------------|---------------|
| DOB   | 06/30/1980   | Sex [            | М | Work Phone | ()-           |
| Alcohol Ri<br>Assisted I<br>Disability A<br>Drug Reha<br>Employme<br>Handicap<br>Handicap<br>Handicap<br>Home Hea<br>n-Home P<br>n-Home S<br>nsurance<br>Lives Alor<br>Long Term<br>Nutritional<br>Protective | ehabilitation<br>Living<br>Application Assis<br>abilitation<br>nt Counseling<br>Access, Bath<br>Access, Home<br>Ith<br>rovider Services<br>afety Evaluation<br>, Assistance Oble<br>Residence Plac<br>Support<br>Services, Adult<br>Services, Child<br>Cessation | tance<br>taining |   |            | Comments      |

Number of days until the next appointment is available - Patient experience who requested As Soon As Possible Appointment

A total of 1919 appointments were made with the type "\_Established - ASAP%' from February 15 thru April 15.

Of the 1919, 990 where scheduled the same day the request was made.

Of the 1919, 666 were scheduled the next business day (Friday scheduled on Monday) after the request was made.

Of the 1919, 199 were scheduled within two business days (Friday scheduled on Tuesday) after the request was made.

Of the 1919, 64 were scheduled within three or more business days (Friday scheduled on Wednesday) after the request was made.

|                | New Patient Spot | Established Patient<br>Spot |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Dr. Ahmed      | 52               | 52                          |
| Mr. Anthony    |                  | 0                           |
| Dr. Anwar      | 10               | 10                          |
| Dr. Aziz       | 15               | 15                          |
| Dr. Colbert    | 0                | 4                           |
| Mr. Cricchia   |                  | 8                           |
| Dr. Curry      | 9                | 9                           |
| Dr. Deiparine  | 17               | 0                           |
| Mrs. Duncan    |                  | 15                          |
| Dr. George     | 1                | 1                           |
| Dr. Halbert    | 3                | 3                           |
| Mrs. Henderson | 6                | 15                          |
| Dr. Holly      | 42               | 42                          |
| Mrs. Horn      | A) A14-5 (3      | 1                           |
| Dr. Kusnoor    | 0                | 0                           |
| Dr. Leifeste   | 45               | 42                          |
| Dr. Luviano    | 0                | 0                           |
| Dr. Murphy     | 8                | 8                           |
| Dr. Palang     | 2                | 1                           |
| Dr. Qureshi    | 1                | 1                           |
| Dr. Spiel      | 23               | 37                          |
| Dr. Thomas     | 16               | 16                          |
| Dr. Vardiman   | 10               | 8                           |
| Mrs. Wheeler   |                  | 16                          |

#### Wait Time in Days 12/19/2011 8:00

#### Wait Time in Days

4/23/2012 8:00

|                | New Patient Spot | Established<br>Patient Spot |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Dr. Ahmed      | 44               | 50                          |
| Mr. Anthony    |                  | 2                           |
| Dr. Anwar      | 7                | 7                           |
| Dr. Aziz       | 7                | 7                           |
| Ms. Cash       |                  | 0                           |
| Dr. Colbert    | 1                | 1                           |
| Dr. Curry      | 70               | 70                          |
| Mr. Davis      |                  | 0                           |
| Ms. Darden     |                  | 0                           |
| Dr. Deiparine  | 14               | 2                           |
| Mrs. Duncan    |                  | 0                           |
| Dr. George     | 1                | 1                           |
| Dr. Halbert    | 2                | 3                           |
| Mrs. Henderson |                  | 0                           |
| Dr. Holly      | 30               | 79                          |
| Mrs. Hom       |                  | 0                           |
| Dr. Kumar      | 36               | 0                           |
| Dr. Kusnoor    | 1                | 1                           |
| Dr. Leifeste   | 42               | 43                          |
| Dr. Luviano    | 2                | 1                           |
| Dr. Murphy     | 9                | 10                          |
| Dr. Palang     | 7                | 1                           |
| Dr. Qureshi    | 2                | 1                           |
| Mr. Read       |                  | 0                           |
| Dr. Shepherd   | 0                | 0                           |
| Dr. Spiel      | 23               | 30                          |
| Dr. Thomas     | 1                | 1                           |
| Dr. Vardiman   | 16               | 14                          |
| Mrs. Wheeler   |                  | 9                           |

How many patients received their Hospital Care Summary and Post Hospital Plan of Care and Treatment Plan (previously called "Discharge Summary") at the time of leaving the hospital?

For 2011, 97.7% of all discharges had documentation completed at the time of discharge.

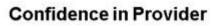
For the past 39 months, SETMA has discharged 12, 236 patients from the hospital, 99.1% of the time, the patient, family and/or care giver has received the Hospital Summary at the time of discharge.

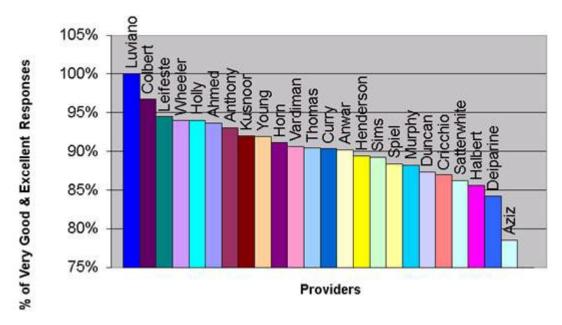
The receiving of this document is one of the most critical steps in our "reducing preventable readmissions" quality improvement initiative.

This same document is completed for patients seen in the emergency department and discharged without having been admitted to inpatient status.

D. Patient Experience Measures (e.g., % reporting doctor explained things clearly)

| terren en aurored  | Total | Poor | Fair | Average | Good | Very Good | Excellent | Comments            |
|--|-------|------|------|---------|------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|
| 1. Call answered quickly?  | 100%  | 0%   | 1%   | 2%      | 10%  | 33%       | 54%       | 57.56% Pt. Response |
| 2. Was it easy to obtain an<br>appointment??   | 100%  | 1%   | 1%   | 2%      | 9%   | 32%       | 55%       |                     |
| 3. Was the front office<br>(check-in) helpful in<br>answering questions and<br>resolving problems? | 100%  | 0%   | 0%   | 1%      | 8%   | 31%       | 59%       |                     |
| 4. After check-in, was your<br>wait time appropriate?  | 100%  | 0%   | 1%   | 2%      | 10%  | 31%       | 56%       | 6                   |
| 5. Was the nursing staff<br>helpful in answering<br>questions?                                     | 100%  | 0%   | 0%   | 1%      | 8%   | 32%       | 59%       |                     |
| 6. Do you feel comfortable<br>following the instructions<br>you received for self care?            | 100%  | 0%   | 0%   | 2%      | 9%   | 31%       | 57%       |                     |
| 7. Was your call returned<br>in a prompt manner by the<br>nursing staff?                           | 100%  | 0%   | 1%   | 1%      | 8%   | 29%       | 60%       | 1                   |
| 8. What is your confidence<br>level in your provider?  | 100%  | 0%   | 1%   | 2%      | 9%   | 30%       | 58%       |                     |
| 9. Your overall opinion of<br>our clinic.  | 100%  | 0%   | 0%   | 1%      | 6%   | 29%       | 64%       |                     |





SETMA is studying the Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAPHS) program to see if we can adopt it to improve our patient satisfaction analysis.

The following are the minutes from the April, 2011 QIO Committee meeting about patient satisfaction results.

The past survey results were analyzed comparing fourth quarter 2008, 2009, and 2010. The most recent 4th quarter data showed a decline from 4th quarter 2009 where results were at their peak. Each clinical coordinator received the data and reviewed this data with the Director of Operations. Provider data was sent individually to each of them for their review. Clinical Coordinators were instructed to share the results with staff and brainstorm ideas and ways to improve results. SII typically has the best scores. The Mark A Wilson SETMA West (MWSW) clinic will rearrange the clinic responsibilities for the desk clerks. SI has recently moved clerks to different pods. This occurred during the 4th quarter of 2010. Staff have adjusted to the transition and are settled now in new positions and time will show if this move was beneficial to patient satisfaction.

The survey results were compared to first quarter 2010 and 4th quarter aggregate 2010. Survey results overall have declined however SI has shown the most dramatic decline. In the two specific areas - speed of nursing staff returning calls and confidence in provider SII maintained above 50% in each of these categories. There was slight improvement in returning calls to 57% and a slight drop in physician confidence to 67%. MWSW did not see improvement with phone calls however the desk clerk change has not taken place. The score for this is 33%. The physician confidence is above the target and did improve to 67%. SI dropped significantly in returning calls to 29% and the physician confidence also dropped to 35%.

MWSW supervisor, by May 2, 2011 follow through and rearrange unit clerks to have an extra devoted to walk in patients and assisting with patient calls in addition to the 5 clerks assigned to providers. This has been done through staff cross training and required no additional hire at this time.

SI supervisor, by April 29, 2011 will meet individually with each staff member and provider to discuss scores and brainstorm ideas for improvement. Director of Operations will discuss weekly with supervisor progress made and initiatives started to monitor progress. Supervisor will seek patient feedback by specifically setting time on Wednesdays to meet with random patients from each pod to ask about their care, response to phone calls etc. Also when the next survey is done, depending on staffing availability, attempt to have non SETMA I employee offer to assist patients with reading and understanding questions as many of the clientele at SI are elderly and may need assistance with seeing the survey questions.

The committee met and recommended having 6 - 10 random friends/family call the main SETMA number to see if there are identified issues with satisfaction related to appointment staff. The callers will complete a survey about each call. They will be looking to see if the staff identified themselves, if they were asked if the call was related to a medical question or an appointment and their overall impression of the call. The survey will be ready for use by Monday May 2 and the identified callers will receive general instructions to use in order to prevent an actual appointment from being made but that can still capture the information needed. Calls will be made Monday and Wednesdays between 8 and 9 am and then either Tuesday or Thursday in the afternoons. Each caller will be asked to make 3 calls on different days. Results will be analyzed and taken back to the subcommittee for recommendations.

E. Staff Satisfaction Measures (e.g., % burnt out)

Because turnover is a measure of employee satisfaction, SETMA yearly evaluates the turnover rate for our organization. Since 2007 we have seen significant decrease in turnover. The Human Resource department is responsible for ensuring an employee friendly atmosphere. There have been several initiatives over these years that recognize and reward the employees. These efforts have paid off as evidenced by the turnover, see results below.

| Department | # FTE's    | #FTE's    | #        | #      | 2011     | 2010     | 2009 year | 2008     | 2007 yr  | 2006   |
|------------|------------|-----------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|--------|
|            | authorized | filled as | resigned | termed | Year end | year end | end       | year end | end      | yr end |
|            |            | of        |          |        | turnover | turnover | turnover  | turnover | turnover | turn   |
|            |            | 12/31/11  |          |        |          |          |           |          |          | over   |
|            |            |           |          |        |          |          |           |          |          |        |
| SETMA      | 225.5      | 221       | 14       | 5      | 9%       | 7%       | 17%       | 13%      | 42%      | 39%    |
| Wide       |            |           |          |        |          |          |           |          |          |        |

SETMA also does employee focus groups where random employees are chosen to participate. With these focus groups the employees are able to bring up issues they would like to see changed within the organization. The last of our focus groups revealed a very small amount of issues to discuss.

Addendum A

SETMA's Major Initiative to Reduce Preventable Readmissions

The following is a description of the tools, of the audits and the analytics associated with SETMA's major quality improvement initiative to decrease the preventable readmissions. Our program is working as one hospital reported that our 30-day readmission rate at their hospital had dropped to 7.6% for all admissions.

The first step in this process is the completion at the time the patient leaves the hospital of a summary of their hospital stay and of their instructions and schedule for the transition to the ambulatory setting or to other points of care. The following is a link to the tutorial which explains all of our preparation of this document. Hospital Care Summary and Post Hospital Plan of Care and Treatment Plan Tutorial

| Hospital Care                   | Admission Date 04/16/2012 Facility           | Baptist Rehab                                  | Home            |    |
|---------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|----|
| Summary                         | Discharge Date 04/20/2012 Type D             | ischarge Summary                               | Histories       |    |
| Summary                         | Scheduled Admiss                             | ion 🔿 Yes 💿 No                                 | Health          |    |
| Admitting Diagnosis Status      | Discharge Diagnosis Status Re                | Discharging To                                 | System Review   |    |
|                                 |  | Home   | Physical Exam   |    |
|                                 | - liiiiiii                                   | Discharge Condition                            | Procedures      | Ť  |
|                                 |  | stable   | 101010000       |    |
|                                 |  | Prognosis                                      | Radiology       |    |
|                                 |  | good   | EKG             |    |
|                                 |  | High risk for                                  | Laboratory      |    |
|                                 |  | readmission?                                   | Hydration       |    |
| Additional Admitting Dx         | Additional Dischar                           | Discharge Time                                 | Nutrition       | 1  |
|                                 |  | 1 - 31 minutes                                 | Hospital Course |    |
| dmitting Chronic Conditions     | Discharge Chronic Conditions Re              | -order >31 minutes                             |                 | ŝ  |
| COPD (chronic obstructive pu    | COPD (chronic obstructive pulmonary          | Days in ICU                                    | Nursing Home    |    |
| COPD (chronic obstructive pu    | COPD (chronic obstructive pulmonary          |  | Follow-up Instr |    |
| CHF (congestive heart failure)  | CHF (congestive heart failure)               | Days on IV Antibiotics                         | Follow-up Loc   |    |
| Hyperlipidemia                  | Hyperlipidemia                               |  |                 | f  |
| Allergic rhinitis with asthma w | Allergic rhinitis with asthma without st     | Days on Ventilator                             | Document        |    |
| Asthma                          | Asthma                                       |  | Follow-Up Doc   | ł. |
| Pre-diabetes                    | Pre-diabetes                                 | Fal Risk Assessment                            | 03/30/2012      |    |
| Diabetes mellitus associated v  | Diabetes mellitus associated with recr       | Functional Assessment                          | 03/30/2012      |    |
| Rheumatoid aortitis             | Rheumatoid aortitis                          | Pain Assessment                                | 04/01/2011      |    |
|                                 |  |  | 04/01/2011      |    |
|                                 |  | Karnofsky/Lansky Scale<br>Paliative Perf Scale | 04/10/2012      |    |
|                                 |  |  | 04/10/2012      |    |
|                                 |  | Last Hospital Discharge                        | 12/02/2009      |    |
| Diabetes melitus and insipidu:  | Diabetes mellitus and insipidus with or      | Hospital Follow-Up Call                        |                 |    |
|                                 | Follow-Up Exceptions                         | Numbers The City                               |                 | -  |
| Care Transition Audit           | Patient To Follow-Up With Non-SETMA Provider |  | 11              | -  |
|                                 |  |  |                 |    |

The summary of the hospital stay is completed with a suite of templates. As is show in the green outline above, the keys to the Hospital Care Summary and the Post Hospital Plan of Care and Treatment Plan are:

Designation of the patient as high risk for re-admission or not. If they are high risk a series of interventions are initiated which are discussed below.

Hospital follow-up call is schedule which occurs on day after discharge and is a 12-30 care coaching at which time a third medication reconciliation is done. The first is done at admission, the second at the time the patient leaves the hospital and the third during the care-coaching call. A fourth reconciliation is done at the follow-up clinic visit.

PCPI Care Transitions audit is performed.

Nothing is more is more important to the process of successfully decreasing preventable admissions than is an effective Care Transition process. In SETMA's Model of Care -- Care Transition involves:

Evaluation at admission -- transition issues: "lives alone," barriers, DME, residential care, or other needs

Fulfillment of PCPI Transitions of Care Quality Metric Set

Hospital Care Summary and Post Hospital Plan of Care and Treatment Plan

Post Hospital Follow-up Coaching -- a 12-30 minute call made by members of SETMA's Care Coordination Department and additional support

Follow-up visit with primary provider

Focus in care coordination by the NPP are the links between:

Care Transitions - ...continually strive to improve care by ... considering feedback from all patients and their families... regarding coordination of their care during transitions between healthcare systems and services, and...communities.

Preventable Readmissions - ...work collaboratively with patients to reduce preventable 30-day readmission rates.

Once the Care Transition issues are completed, The Hospital Care-Summary-and-Post- Hospital-Planof Care-and Treatment-Plan document is generated and printed. It is given to the patient and/or to the patient's family and to the hospital.

The following is a link to my presentation on SETMA's 14-year history of developing the tools and capacities to do effective Care transitions. It is entitled, Care Transitions: The Heart of Patient-Centered Medical Home.

The following are examples of SETMA's Care Transitions audit:



### Care Transition Audit (Section A)

Discharge Date(s): 01/01/2011 through 12/31/2011

| Provider          | Reason for<br>Hospitalization | Discharge<br>Diagnoses | Medications<br>Updated<br>Reconciled | Documentation<br>of Allergies | Cognitive<br>Status | Pending<br>Test Results | Major<br>Procedures | Follow-Up<br>Care Plan | Progress to<br>Goals<br>Response to<br>Treatment |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|
| Ahmed             | 100.0%                        | 100.0%                 | 100.0%                               | 100.0%                        | 100.0%              | 100.0%                  | 100.0%              | 100.0%                 | 100.0%   |
| Anwar             | 98.3%                         | 99.5%                  | 90.8%                                | 94.3%                         | 94.8%               | 98.1%                   | 97.4%               | 94.3%                  | 97.9%  |
| Aziz              | 99.0%                         | 99.9%                  | 97.1%                                | 97.5%                         | 97.0%               | 98.7%                   | 97.8%               | 98.0%                  | 96.8%  |
| Curry             | 98.6%                         | 100.0%                 | 98.0%                                | 98.0%                         | 98.0%               | 98,6%                   | 96.6%               | 95.2%                  | 98.6%  |
| Deiparine         | 97.9%                         | 99.9%                  | 96.1%                                | 98.0%                         | 98.2%               | 97.7%                   | 97.7%               | 97.2%                  | 98.3%  |
| Halbert           | 100.0%                        | 99.6%                  | 98.7%                                | 97.4%                         | 97.0%               | 100.0%                  | 97.4%               | 98.3%                  | 98.3%  |
| Holly             | 96.5%                         | 99.6%                  | 91.8%                                | 94.7%                         | 94.7%               | 94.2%                   | 93.9%               | 92.1%                  | 96.5%  |
| Leifeste          | 98.1%                         | 99.7%                  | 94.9%                                | 96.9%                         | 96.9%               | 97.4%                   | 96.5%               | 96.0%                  | 97.4%  |
| Murphy            | 98.4%                         | 100.0%                 | 96,7%                                | 96.3%                         | 96,3%               | 98.0%                   | 96.7%               | 97.6%                  | 97.2%  |
| Palang            | 99.0%                         | 100.0%                 | 98.1%                                | 98.1%                         | 97.1%               | 99.0%                   | 97.6%               | 98.1%                  | 97.1%  |
| Qureshi           | 96.9%                         | 99.7%                  | 92.4%                                | 96.2%                         | 97.1%               | 96.4%                   | 96.4%               | 95.2%                  | 96.6%  |
| Satterwhite       | 97.4%                         | 99.1%                  | 97.4%                                | 93.2%                         | 94.9%               | 97.4%                   | 94.0%               | 94.0%                  | 95.7%  |
| Spiel             | 100.0%                        | 100.0%                 | 100.0%                               | 100.0%                        | 100.0%              | 100.0%                  | 100.0%              | 100.0%                 | 100.0%   |
| Thomas            | 97.7%                         | 99.8%                  | 89.7%                                | 93.7%                         | 93.2%               | 97.9%                   | 95.3%               | 93.2%                  | 97.4%  |
| Vardiman          | 98.0%                         | 100.0%                 | 95.1%                                | 97.1%                         | 99.0%               | 98.0%                   | 98.0%               | 98.0%                  | 97.1%  |
| SETMA<br>Totals : | 98.0%                         | 99.8%                  | 94.5%                                | 96.4%                         | 96.4%               | 97.5%                   | 96.6%               | 95.8%                  | 97.3%  |



## Care Transition Audit (Section B)

Discharge Date(s): 01/01/2011 through 12/31/2011

| Provider          | Advanced<br>Directives | Reason for<br>Discharge | Physical<br>Status | Psychosocial<br>Status | Community<br>Resources<br>Coordinated<br>Referrals | Medication<br>List | Discharge<br>Orders | Follow-Up<br>Instructions | Discharg<br>Materials |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ahmed             | 100.0%                 | 100.0%                  | 100.0%             | 100.0%                 | 100.0%   | 100.0%             | 100.0%              | 100.0%                    | 100.0%                |
| Anwar             | 90.1%                  | 98.3%                   | 95.0%              | 94.8%                  | 88.4%  | 88.2%              | 88.2%               | 88.2%                     | 88.2%                 |
| Aziz              | 95.6%                  | 98.7%                   | 97.2%              | 97.8%                  | 84.0%  | 94.6%              | 94.6%               | 94.5%                     | 93.3%                 |
| Curry             | 93.2%                  | 99.3%                   | 98.0%              | 98.0%                  | 85.0%  | 93.2%              | 93.2%               | 93.2%                     | 93.2%                 |
| Deiparine         | 94.6%                  | 98.0%                   | 98.5%              | 98.2%                  | 92.3%  | 92.2%              | 92.2%               | 92.1%                     | 92.2%                 |
| Halbert           | 96.6%                  | 99.6%                   | 97.8%              | 98.7%                  | 84.1%  | 94.8%              | 94.8%               | 94.8%                     | 94.8%                 |
| Holly             | 89.7%                  | 96.3%                   | 95.3%              | 95.6%                  | 88.4%  | 87.0%              | 87.2%               | 87.2%                     | 87.2%                 |
| Leifeste          | 93,4%                  | 97.8%                   | 98.0%              | 96.5%                  | 91.4%  | 91.4%              | 91.4%               | 91.4%                     | 91.2%                 |
| Murphy            | 96.3%                  | 98.0%                   | 97.6%              | 99.2%                  | 85.0%  | 94.7%              | 94.7%               | 94.7%                     | 94.3%                 |
| Palang            | 95.2%                  | 99.0%                   | 97.1%              | 98.6%                  | 91.4%  | 96.2%              | 95.7%               | 95.7%                     | 95.7%                 |
| Qureshi           | 90.0%                  | 96.9%                   | 97.4%              | 96.6%                  | 88.3%  | 89.0%              | 89.0%               | 88.6%                     | 88.8%                 |
| Satterwhite       | 95.7%                  | 97.4%                   | 94.9%              | 97.4%                  | 77.8%  | 82.9%              | 83.8%               | 83.8%                     | 82.9%                 |
| Spiel             | 100.0%                 | 100.0%                  | 100.0%             | 100.0%                 | 100.0%   | 100.0%             | 100.0%              | 100.0%                    | 100.0%                |
| Thomas            | 89.2%                  | 97.4%                   | 94.4%              | 92.3%                  | 88.5%  | 86.2%              | 86.2%               | 86.2%                     | 85.9%                 |
| Vardiman          | 94.1%                  | 97.1%                   | 99.0%              | 96.1%                  | 92.2%  | 89.2%              | 90.2%               | 90.2%                     | 90.2%                 |
| SETMA<br>Totals : | 92.9%                  | 97.9%                   | 97.0%              | 96.7%                  | 88.3%  | 90.8%              | 90.9%               | 90.8%                     | 90.6%                 |

The second most important part of Care Transitions is the scheduling of the hospital follow-up, carecoaching call. The following is the follow-up call scheduling template.

|  | Hospital Discharge Follow-   | Up Call Return  |
|--|--|---|
| Rapid  | ter to Call  | reire Emeil in Follow Sin Norae   |
|  | Guestions to Ask   | Patient Responses   |
| Adret Date Decharge Date Decharge Date C4202012 C 84202012 C 84202012 C 84202012 C 84202012 C 8420420 C 847562012 C 8420420 C 847562012 C 847562012 C 847562012 C 84756201 C 8475601 C 8475601 C 84756200 C 84756200 C 84756 | Ceneral     Inva are you feeling?       If how are you beeing?     Are you barring new symptoms since hospital stay?       They you obtained all DME that you were prescribed?       Other       Other       Were you sola to get all of your medications filed?       Are you bains to get all of your medications filed?       Are you barring any problems/hale effects from your medications?       Are you having any problems/hale effects from your medications?       Appointments       max     If I       max     If I | Hew does the patient feel?<br>Is the patient taking new symptoms?<br>Has the patient data of the prescribed DRE?<br>Was the patient taking all of their medications?<br>Is the patient taking all of their medications?<br>Is the patient having any problemalade effects?<br>Is the patient having any problemalade effects?<br>Mas the patient appointments an refermal?<br>Adobtional Comments |
| Diet Repuise<br>Call Attempts  | Click to Document Completion<br>Click to Send Response<br>Al<br>Space with the patient? "Yes "No<br>If no. Nd person spoken with   | Actions Taken Advased Patient To Come In - Made Same-Day Apportment Advased Patient To Call & Improvement Discontinues Advased Patient To Call & Improvement Discontinues Advased Patient To Continue Medications Other Follow-Up Details From Nospital Staff Patient Cit: To Follow-Up - 6 Days Patient To Follow-Up With Non-SETBIA Provider  |
|  | New Referrals from Visit (This Visit Only)           Status         Priority         Referral         Referring Provider   | Bew Changed Medications from Visit (This Visit Only<br>Oeneric Name Brand Name Dose   |
| Unable to Call, Letter Sent  |  |   |

The following BI analytics are done on all patients who leave the hospital. They contrast patients who are readmitted and those who are not looking for leverage points for decreasing readmissions. Thus far, we have found only two variables that really predict readmission probability:

Did the patient receive their care coaching call.

Were they seen in the clinic in follow-up within three days if they are high risk and within six days if they are not?



### Section I - Admissions and Follow-ups

|                              | Selection Group 1 | Selection Group 2  |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Beginning Discharge Date:    | Jan 1, 2011       | Jan 1, 2011        |
| Ending Discharge Date:       | Dec 31, 2011      | Dec 31, 2011       |
| Include Readmits:            | Within 30 days    | Not Within 30 days |
| Ethnicity:                   | All               | All                |
| Financial Class:             | All               | All                |
| Zip Code:                    | ILA               | All                |
| Age:                         | All               | All                |
| Gender:                      | Both              | Both               |
| Living Arrangement:          | None Selected     | None Selected      |
| counters for this Selection: | 680               | 3225               |

| Selection Group 1         | Selection Group 2   |
|---------------------------|---|
| NAME OF COMPANY OF STREET |   |
| 11.79                     |   |
| 1.00                      |   |
|                           |   |
| 9.39                      | 10.24   |
| 2.00                      | 2.00  |
|                           |   |
| 6.81                      | 19.11   |
| 37.94%                    | 68.40%  |
|                           |   |
| 74.56%                    | 77.55%  |
| 6.47%                     | 6.91%   |
|                           | 11.79<br>1.00<br>9.39<br>2.00<br>6.81<br>37.94%<br>74.56% |



# Section II - Patient Measures

| Prompt Selections              |                   |                    |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
|                                | Selection Group 1 | Selection Group 2  |
|                                |                   |                    |
| Beginning Discharge Date:      | Jan 1, 2011       | Jan 1, 2011        |
| Ending Discharge Date:         | Dec 31, 2011      | Dec 31, 2011       |
| Include Readmits:              | Within 30 days    | Not Within 30 days |
| Ethnicity:                     | All               | All                |
| Financial Class:               | All               | All                |
| Zip Code:                      | All               | All                |
| Age:                           | All               | All                |
| Gender:                        | Both              | Both               |
| Living Arrangement:            | None Selected     | None Selected      |
| Encounters for this Selection: | 680               | 3225               |
|                                | Selection Group 1 | Selection Group 2  |
| Ancillary Services             |                   |                    |
| Hospice:                       | 1.62%             | 1.36%              |
| Home Health:                   | 4.26%             | 2.82%              |
| Physical Therapy:              | 0,15%             | 0.25%              |
| Case Management:               | 0.00%             | 0.00%              |
| Assisted Living:               | 0.44%             | 0.37%              |
| Nursing Home:                  | 21.32%            | 16.25%             |
| Living Alone                   |                   |                    |
| Patient Lives Alone:           | 1.62%             | 2.39%              |
| Barriers to Care               |                   |                    |
| Financial Barriers:            | 5.59%             | 4.90%              |
| Social Barriers:               | 5.29%             | 6.54%              |
| Assistive Device:              | 12.94%            | 9.02%              |
| Habits                         |                   |                    |
| Tobacco Use:                   | 21.32%            | 23.47%             |
| Alcohol Use:                   | 10.15%            | 12.25%             |
| Illicit Drug Use:              | 2.50%             | 1.64%              |
| sease - Not in Compliance      |                   |                    |
| Diabetic:                      | 40.95%            | 39.20%             |
| Hyperlipidemia:                | 23.78%            | 28.40%             |
| Hypertension:                  | 22.49%            | 23.56%             |
| CHF:                           | 89.45%            | 88.51%             |
| Care Transition Audit          |                   |                    |
| Transition Audit Completed:    | 94.85%            | 94.17%             |



### Section III - Patient BMI and Changes Made

#### Prompt Selections

|                                | Selection Group 1 | Selection Group 2  |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Beginning Discharge Date:      | Jan 1, 2011       | Jan 1, 2011        |
| Ending Discharge Date:         | Dec 31, 2011      | Dec 31, 2011       |
| Include Readmits:              | Within 30 days    | Not Within 30 days |
| Ethnicity:                     | All               | All                |
| Financial Class:               | All               | All                |
| Zip Code:                      | All               | All                |
| Age:                           | All               | All                |
| Gender:                        | Both              | Both               |
| Living Arrangement:            | None Selected     | None Selected      |
| Encounters for this Selection: | 680               | 3225               |

#### Selection Group 1

#### Selection Group 2

| Body Mass Index      |        |        |
|----------------------|--------|--------|
| Less than 18.5:      | 6.03%  | 6.82%  |
| Between 18.5 and 25: | 24.56% | 23.94% |
| Between 25 and 30;   | 28.09% | 25.27% |
| Between 30 and 35:   | 15.59% | 18.05% |
| Between 35 and 40;   | 9.41%  | 8.19%  |
| Greater than 40:     | 7.79%  | 8.65%  |
|                      |        |        |



| (J=)    | Hospital Dis   | charge Analysis              |           |                         |                           |
|---------|--|------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| CAL ASS | Section IV - R   | eadmission Diagnoses         |           |                         |                           |
|         | mpt Selections   |                              |           |                         |                           |
|         |  | Selection Group 1            | Sel       | ection Group 2          |                           |
|         | Beginning Discharge Date:<br>Ending Discharge Date:            | Jan 1, 2011<br>Dec 31, 2011  |           | n 1, 2011<br>c 31, 2011 |                           |
|         | Include Readmits:<br>Ethnicity:<br>Financial Class:            | Within 30 days<br>All<br>All | No<br>All | t Within 30 days        |                           |
|         | Zip Code:<br>Age:<br>Gender:                                   | All<br>All<br>Both           | All       |                         |                           |
| End     | Gender:<br>Living Arrangement:<br>counters for this Selection: | None Selected<br>680         |           | ne Selected             |                           |
| op 5    | Selecti<br>Principle Diagnoses of Rea                          | on Group 1<br>Idmission      |           | Selection Gro           | <u>up 2</u>               |
| Rank    | Readmission Diagnoses  | Description                  | Rank      | Readmission             | Description               |
| 1       | 78650  | Symp resp unsp chest pain    |           | Diagnoses               |                           |
| 2       | 78605  | Shortness Of Breath          | 1         | 78650                   | Symp resp unsp chest p    |
| 3       | 78097  | Altered Mental Status        | 2         | 78605                   | Shortness Of Brea         |
| 4       | 486  | Pneumonia organism NOS       | 3         | 7802                    | Gen syn<br>syncope/collag |
| 5       | 5789   | Hem gi tract                 | 4         | 78097                   | Altered Mental Stat       |
|         |  |                              |           |                         |                           |

#### **Top 5 Supporting Diagnoses of Readmission**

| Description                    | <b>Readmission Diagnoses</b> | Rank |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| Essential hypertension benig   | 4011                         | 1    |
| Essential hypertension unsp    | 4019                         | 2    |
| Chronic airway obstruction NEC | 496                          | 3    |
| Anemia unsp                    | 2859                         | 4    |
| Diab mellitus ren manif typ II | 25040                        | 5    |

| 3         7802         Gen symp<br>syncope/collapse           4         78097         Altered Mental Status           5         2859         Anenia unsp           Rank         Readmission<br>Diagnoses         Description           1         4019         Essential hypertension unsp           2         4011         Essential hypertension unsp           3         25040         Diab melitus ren manif hyp 11           4         2859         Anenia unsp           5         496         Chronic airway obstruction NEC |  |                                    |       |
|--|--|------------------------------------|-------|
| S         2859         Anenia ung           Rank         Readmission<br>Diagnoses         Description           1         4019         Essential hypertension ung           2         4011         Essential hypertension being           3         25940         Diab melitus rein main thy D           4         2859         Anenia ung           5         496         Chronic airway obstruction  |  | 780                                | 3     |
| Readmission<br>Diagnoses         Description           1         4019         Essential hypertension unsp<br>4011           2         4011         Essential hypertension being<br>302540           3         22540         Data mellitus rein marif hyp II<br>4015           4         2855         Anemia unsp<br>5  | Altered Mental Status  | 7809                               | 4     |
| Diagnoses           1         4019         Essential hypertension unsp           2         4011         Essential hypertension being           3         25040         Diab melitus ren manif hyp 11           4         2859         Anemia unsp           5         496         Chronic airway obstruction   | Anemia unsp  | 285                                | 5     |
| 1         4019         Essential hypertension ung           2         4011         Essential hypertension benig           3         25040         Diab mellitus ren manif typ I           4         2859         Anemia ung           5         496         Chronic airway obstruction   |  |                                    |       |
| 3         25040         Diab melitus ren manif typ I           4         2859         Anemia ung           5         496         Ohronic airway obstruction  | Description  |                                    | Rank  |
| 4 2859 Anemia ung<br>5 496 Chronic airway obstruction  | 0000000000000  | Diagnoses                          | MOX.  |
| 5 495 Chronic airway obstruction   | Essential hypertension unsp  | Diagnoses<br>4019                  | 1     |
|  | Essential hypertension unsp<br>Essential hypertension being                                  | Diagnoses<br>4019<br>4011          | 1 2   |
|  | Essential hypertension unsp<br>Essential hypertension benig<br>Diab meliitus ren manif typ D | Diagnoses<br>4019<br>4011<br>25040 | 1 2 3 |

By analyzing the above data, it is possible to find leverage points for decreasing readmission.

The Hospital Care Summary and the Post Hospital Plan of Care and Treatment Plan document along with a personal explanation of the tool is the method by which responsibility for the patient's care is transferred from the provider and the inpatient to the patient and the ambulatory setting. We call that tool The Baton.

#### The Baton - the transition of care tool

"The Baton" is a pictorial representation of the patient's "plan of care and the treatment plan," which is the instrument through which responsibility for a patient's health care is transferred to the patient. Framed copies hang in all public places throughout SETMA's clinics. A poster copy hangs in every examination room. The poster declares:

Firmly in the providers hand

--The baton - the care and treatment plan Must be confidently and securely grasped by the patient,

If change is to make a difference 8,760 hours a year.



### The poster illustrates the following seven key principles:

- That the healthcare-team relationship, which exists between the patient and the healthcare provider, is key to the success of the outcome of quality healthcare.
- That the plan of care and treatment plan, the "baton," is the engine through which the knowledge and power of the healthcare team is transmitted and sustained.
- That the means of transfer of the "baton" which has been developed by the healthcare team is a coordinated effort between the provider and the patient.
- That typically the healthcare provider knows and understands the patient's healthcare plan of care and the treatment plan, but that without its transfer to the patient, the provider's knowledge is useless to the patient.
- That the imperative for the plan the "baton" is that it be transferred from the provider to the patient, if change in the life of the patient is going to make a difference in the patient's health.
- That this transfer requires that the patient "grasps" the "baton," i.e., that the patient accepts, receives, understands and comprehends the plan, and that the patient is equipped and empowered to carry out the plan successfully.
- That the patient knows that of the 8,760 hours in the year, he/she will be responsible for "carrying the baton," longer and better than any other member of the healthcare team.

It must be remembered that when a patient leaves the hospital, until they are seen in the office or home, the provider team member who is in charge of the patient's care is the patient or a family member. Therefore the baton must be successfully passed to the patient, if the coordination, integration, and continuity of care are to be maintained.

The Analytics

To successfully achieve and sustain reductions in readmissions, healthcare organizations must track, audit, and analyze the data.

Care Transition - in June, 2009 the AMA released the "PCPI Care Transitions measurement set". This transition audit is one of the tools used to "build" the "baton" and then to make sure that the complete "baton" has been transferred to the next team member.

| Click to Update/Review |
|------------------------|
| Click to Update/Review |
| Dick to Update/Review  |
| Click to Update/Review |
| Click to Update/Review |
| Click to Update/Review |
| Click to Update/Review |
| Click to Update/Review |
| Click to Update/Review |
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|                        |
| Click to Update/Review |
|                        |
| 11                     |
| 11                     |
| 11                     |
| 11                     |
|                        |

Preventing Readmissions: Lessons to Date

What we have learned so far about decreasing readmission rates is:

The disease-management model-of-care will not solve this problem. Healthcare providers can't see patients often enough, give them enough medications, or do enough procedures on them, to effectively reduce readmissions and/or to sustain any reductions which are achieved.

Care, even within the same organization or system, is still too fragmented to effectively achieve reductions in readmissions. Team building and learning how to effectively use teams are key to this process. SETMA's current, active effort is to create a "team spirit and collaboration" between four SETMA departments which are working extraordinarily well individually but which are experiencing barriers to a full, integrated, team approach between departments.

Analytics will be an important part of discovering leverage points for the improving of readmission rates. SETMA has deployed Business Intelligence analytics for that purpose. Because health deteriorates, and

on an individual basis and on organizational level, methods must change to respond to that deterioration; it is imperative to continue to redesign the readmissions-reduction effort to keep pace with new realities.

There is no "silver bullet" for solving the problem of readmissions. A multi-pronged effort will gradually improve readmission rates, until it is suddenly apparent that the system is working. Research will be required to determine the percentage contribution of each element to the success of the effort.

Readmissions rates will always be a challenge. They can be managed effectively with a system such as the one used at SETMA. More details on this system are available under Your Life Your Health by accessing the icons entitled Care Transitions and Care Coordination Here are additional lessons we have learned in this process.

- The problem of readmissions will not be solved by more care: more medicines, more tests, more visits, etc.
- The problem will be solved by redirecting the patient's attention for a safety net away from the emergency department.
- The problem will be solved by our having more proactive contact with the patient.
- The problem will be solved by more contact with the patient and/or care giver in the home: home health, social worker, provider house calls.
- The problem will be solved by the patient and/or care giver having more contact electronically (telephone, e-mail, web portal, cell phone) with the patient giving immediate if not instantaneous access.

Readmission rate will be reduced with a Seamless Collaboration Between these members of SETMA's healthcare team:

- Hospital Care Team
- Care Coordination Department
- I-Care (Nursing Home) Team
- Healthcare Providers
- Clinic Staff
- Hospital In-Patient Staff

SETMA's most recent development in this quality initiative is that when a prson is identified as a high risk for readmission, SETMA's Department of Care Coordination is alerted. The following ten steps are then instituted:

- Hospital Care Summary and Post Hospital Plan of Care and Treatment Plan is given to patient, care giver or family member.
- The post hospital, care coaching call, which is done the day after discharge, goes to the top of the queue for the call made the day after discharge by SETMA's Care Coordination Department. It is a 12-30 minute call.
- Medication reconciliation is done at the time of discharge, is repeated in the care coordination call the day after discharge and is repeated at the follow-up visit in the clinic.

- MSW makes a home visit for need evaluation, including barriers and social needs for those who are socially isolated.
- A clinic follow-up visit within three days for those at high risk for readmission.
- A second care coordination call in four days.
- Plan of care and treatment plan discussed with patient, family and/or care giver at EVERY visit and a written copy with the patient's reconciled medication list, follow-up instructions, state of health, and how to access further care needs.
- MSW documents barriers to care and care coordination department designs a solution for each.
- The patient's end of life choices and code status are discussed and when appropriate hospice is recommended.
- Referral to disease management is done when appropriate, along with tetehealth monitoring measures.

Currently, SETMA's determination of whether patients are high risk for readmissions is intuitively determined, i.e., at discharged based on experience and judgment, a patient is designated as potentially high risk for readmission. SETMA is designing a "predictive model" for identifying patients at high risk for readmissions and instituting the above plan for interdicting a readmission. This is an attempt to quantify the most effective opportunities for decreasing preventable readmissions.

There is a significant body of science associated with "predictive modeling." It is clear that tradition models of care delivery will not "work" in a sustainable program for decreasing readmissions. Traditional disease management will not result in changing the patterns of care.