### FUTURE OF HEALTH CARE WORKGROUP

TEXAS HEALTH INSTITUTE AUSTIN, TEXAS

### New And Innovative Approach To Medical Care

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### HIMSS Website Post About SETMA

 Segue to Successful Disease Management with Health IT

A 2005 Ambulatory Care Davies Award of Excellence recipient, the Southeast Texas Medical Associates, LLP (SETMA) has focused on disease management during the implementation of the EMR.



### About SETMA

In 2004, SETMA was part of an American Medical Association (AMA) Foundation CARDIO-HIT study. Of the six practices participating in CARDIO HIT, which range from academic, university-based programs to large specialty-based practices, the AMA staff said that SETMA "has the most expansive and impressive tools for fulfilling the goals of the study." They added, "We have never seen anything like this anywhere."



### **About SETMA**

#### Links to more information from SETMA:

- More Than A Transcription Service: The paper, written in 1999, looks at SETMA's philosophy of "electronic patient management."
- The Less Initiative at SETMA: Read more about the practice's approach to disease management: Lose Weight Exercise Stop Smoking.
- Electronic Patient Management: Read Dr. Holly's presentation— Spanning the Specialties — at HIMSS2006 to learn about the design of an EMR from the perspective of "electronic patient management" and Dr. Peter Senge's systems thinking concepts from The Fifth Discipline.



# The SETMA Approach

# The SETMA Approach to Patient Care (Posted by HIMSS to their website, 2006)

- Pursue Electronic Patient Management rather than Electronic Patient Records.
- 2. Bring to bear upon every patient encounter what is known rather than what a particular provider knows.
- 3. Make it easier to do it right than not to do it at all.
- 4. Continually challenge providers to improve their performance.
- 5. Infuse new knowledge and decision-making tools throughout an organization instantly.



# The SETMA Approach

- 6. Establish and promote continuity of care with patient education, information and plans of care.
- 7. Enlist patients as partners and collaborators in their own health improvement.
- 8. Evaluate the care of patients and populations of patients longitudinally.
- 9. Audit provider performance based on the Consortium for Physician Performance Improvement Data Sets.



# The SETMA Approach

10. Create multiple disease-management tools which are integrated in an intuitive and interchangeable fashion giving patients the benefit of expert knowledge about specific conditions while they get the benefit of a global approach to their total health.

This approach became the guiding principles for our development of the EMR and laid the foundation our becoming a Patient-Centered Medical Home in 2010.



### Domains of Healthcare Transformation

- The Substance -- Evidenced-based medicine and comprehensive health promotion
- 2. The Method -- Electronic Patient Management
- 3. The Organization -- Patient-centered Medical Home
- 4. The Funding -- Capitation with payment for quality outcomes



### The SETMA Model of Care

The SETMA Model of Care is comprised of five critical steps:

- Tracking
- 2. Auditing
- 3. Analyzing
- 4. Public Reporting
- 5. Quality Improvement



### Clusters and Galaxies

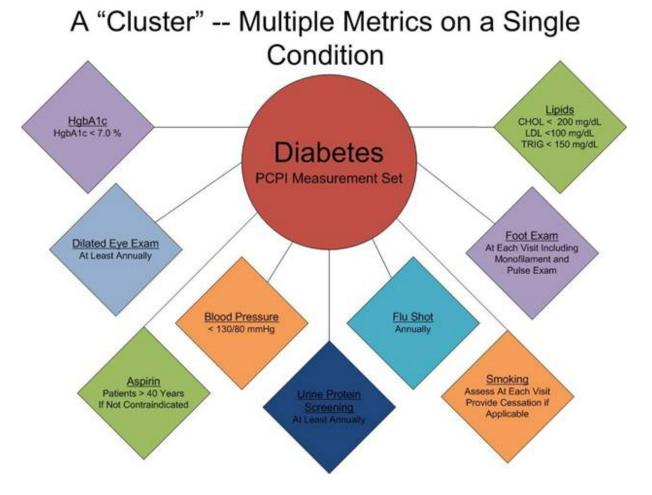
SETMA believes that fulfilling a single or a few quality metrics does not change outcomes, but fulfilling "clusters" and "galaxies" of metrics at the point-of-care will change outcomes.

- A "cluster" is seven or more quality metrics for a single condition (i.e. diabetes, hypertension, etc.)
- A "galaxy" is multiple clusters for the same patient (i.e. diabetes, hypertension, lipids, CHF, etc.)



### A Cluster

A single patient, at a single visit, for a single condition, will have eight or more quality metrics fulfilled, which WILL change the outcome of a patient's treatment.





# A Galaxy

A single patient, at a single visit, can have multiple clusters of quality metrics and may have as many as 60 or more quality metrics fulfilled in his/her care which WILL change the outcomes.

A "Galaxy" -- Multiple "Clusters" Tracked on a Single Patient at a Single Visit





### The SETMA Model of Care

SETMA's model of care is based on the concepts of "clusters" and "galaxies" of quality metrics and on these principles of healthcare transformation:

- Evidence based medicine/health and wellness
- Electronic patient management
- Patient-Centered Medical Home
- Medicare Advantage Payment Method (capitation)



The tracking on each patient by each provider of their performance on preventive and screening care and quality standards for acute and chronic care. Tracking occurs simultaneously with the performing of these services by the entire healthcare team, including the personal provider, nurse, clerk, management, etc.



- The PCPI is an organization created by the AMA, CMS, IOM and others to develop measurement sets for qualitycare assessment. The intent is to allow healthcare providers to evaluate their own performance at the time they are seeing a patient.
- SETMA tracks PCPI measurement sets for Chronic Stable Angina, CHF, Diabetes, Hypertension, and CRD Stages IV & V, ESRD, Adult Weight Management, and Care Transitions.



- SETMA also tracks measurement sets endorsed by NQF. NCQA (HEDIS and Medical Home), PQRS, Medicare Advantage STARs, Guidelines Advantage, AQA, and Bridges to Excellence. Also, SETMA designed a Pre-visit quality measures screening and preventive care tool.
- This allows a SETMA provider and a patient to quickly and easily assess whether or not the patient has received all of the appropriate preventive health care and the appropriate screening health care which national standards establish as being needed by this patient.

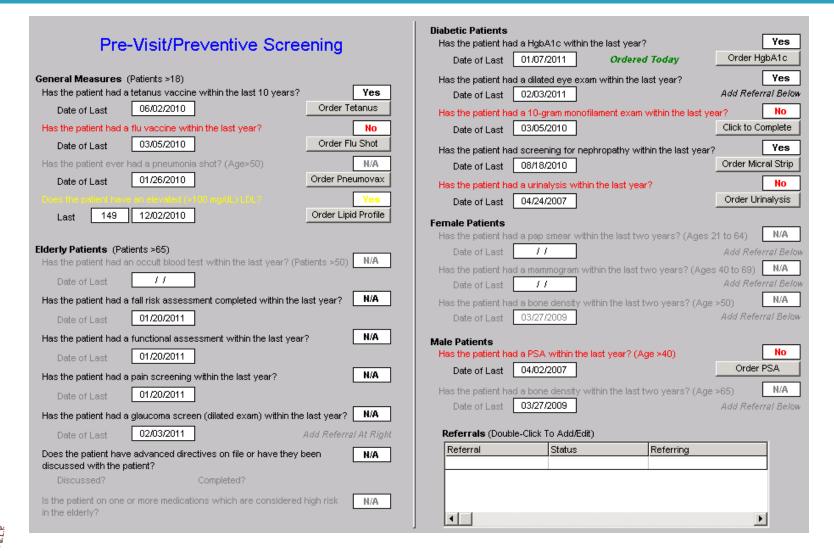


### Pre-Visit Preventive/Screening tool

- All measures in **black** apply to the current patient and are fulfilled.
- All measures in red apply to the current patient and have not been fulfilled.
- All measures in grey do not apply to the current patient.

If a point of care is missing, it can be fulfilled with the single click of a single button.







There are similar tracking tools for all of the quality metrics which SETMA providers track each day. Such as this example of NQF-endorsed measures.

### National Quality Forum (NQF) National Voluntary Consensus Standards

Legend Measures in red are measures which apply to this patient that are not in compliance

Measures in black are measures which apply to this patient that are in compliance.

Measures in gray are measures which do not apply to this patient.

#### General Health Measures

View Body Mass Index Measurement

View Smoking Cessation

Proper Assessment for Chronic COPD

Adult Immunization Status

#### **Blood Pressure Measures**

View Blood Pressure Measurement

View Blood Pressure Classfication/Control

#### **Medication Measures**

View Current Medication List

View Documentation of Allergies/Reactions

View Therapeutic Monitoring of Long Term Medications

Drugs to Avoid in the Elderly

View Appropriate Medications for Asthma

View Inappropriate Antibiotic Treatment for

Adults with Acute Bronchitis

View LDL Drug Therapy for Patients with CAD

#### **Chronic Conditions Measures**

Comprehensive CHF Care

View Osteoarthritis Care

#### Care for Older Adults

Counseling on Physical Activity

View Urinary Incontinence in Older Adults

Colorectal Cancer Screening

Fall Risk Management

#### Diabetes Measures

View Dilated Eve Exam

View Foot Exam

View Hemoglobin A1c Testing/Control

View Blood Pressure

View - Urine Protein Screening

View Lipid Screening

#### Female Specific Measures

Breast Cancer Screening

Cervical Cancer Screening

Chlamydia Screening

Osteoporosis Management

#### **Pediatric Measures**

Appropriate Screening for Children with Pharyngitis

Childhood Immunization Status



PCPI Diabetes Management							
Has the patient had a Hemoglobin A1c within the last year?  Date of Last 08/25/2010	Yes	Order HgbA1c					
Has the patient had a Lipid Profile witin the last year?  Date of Last 12/02/2010	Yes	Order Lipid Profile					
Has the patient had a urinalysis within the last year?  Date of Last 04/24/2007	No	Order Urinalysis					
Has the patient had a dilated eye exam within the last year?  Date of Last 10/29/2009	No	Add Referral Below					
Has the patient had a flu shot within the last year?	Yes	Order Flu Shot					
Date of Last 03/05/2010							
Has the patient had a 10-gram monofilament exam within the Date of Last 03/05/2010	e last year? Yes	Click to Complete					
Is the patient on Aspirin? Is the patient allergic to aspirin?  © Yes	Yes	Add Medication Below					
Is the patient's blood pressure controlled (<130/80 mmHg)?	No						
Today's Blood Pressure 166 / 96							
Does the patient have at least one visit schedule for the nex	t six months?	Follow-Up Visit					
Has the Diabetes Treatment Plan been completed with the la	st year? Yes	Click to Complete					
Date Last Completed 12/13/2010							
Referrals Double-Click to Add/Edit	Active Medications Dou	uble-Click to Add/Edit					
Referral Date	Brand Name	Dose A					
TOTOTION DAILS	ALENDRONATE SODIUM	10 MG					
	ASPIRIN	81 MG					
	ASPIRIN EC	325 MG					
	ATENOLOL	100 MG					



In order for the tracking of quality metrics to be valuable to the patient, the patient must know what is being tracked, what it means and what has, or has not been performed in his/her own care.



# Passing the Baton

□ If responsibility for a patient's healthcare is symbolized by a baton, the healthcare provider carries the baton for 0.68% of the time. The patient carries the baton 99.22% of the time.

Coordination of care between healthcare providers is important but the coordination of the patient's care between the healthcare provider and the patient is imperative.



# Passing the Baton

"Often, it is forgotten that the member of the healthcare delivery team who carries the 'baton' for the majority of the time is the patient and/or the family member who is the principal caregiver. If the 'baton' is not effectively transferred to the patient or caregiver, the patient's care will suffer."

--SETMA





Firmly in the provider's hand,
the baton – the care and treatment plan –
must be confidently and securely grasped by the patient,
if change is to make a difference,
8,760 hours a year.

In all public areas and in every examination room, SETMA's "Baton" poster is displayed. It illustrates:

- That the healthcare-team relationship, which exists between patient and healthcare provider, is key to the success of the outcome of quality healthcare.
- That the plan of care and treatment plan, the "baton," is the engine through which the knowledge and power of the healthcare team is transmitted and sustained.



- That the means of transfer of the "baton", which has been developed by the healthcare team .is a coordinated effort between the provider and the patient.
- That typically the healthcare provider knows and understands the patient's healthcare plan of care and the treatment plan, but without its transfer to the patient, the provider's knowledge is useless to the patient.
- □ That the imperative for the plan the "baton" is that it be transferred from the provider to the patient, if change in the life of the patient is going to make a difference in the patient's health.



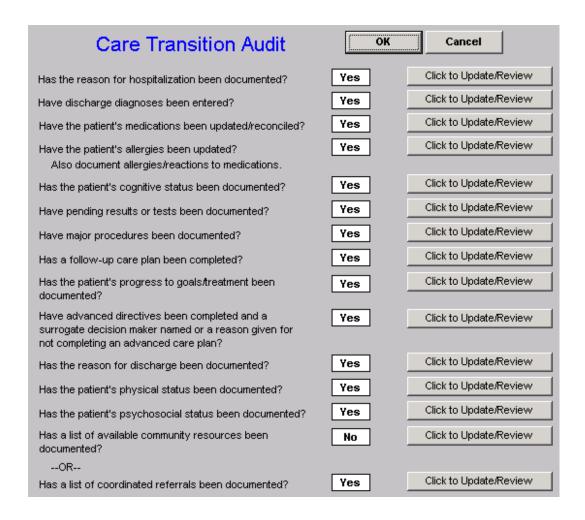
- That this transfer requires that the patient "grasps" the "baton," i.e., that the patient accepts, receives, understands and comprehends the plan, and that the patient is equipped and empowered to carry out the plan successfully.
- □ That the patient knows that of the 8,760 hours in the year, he/she will be responsible for "carrying the baton," longer and better than any other member of the healthcare team.



There are numerous points of "care transition" in the patient's care. In the transition of care from the hospital, there are potential eight different types of care transition.

 PCPI has published a "Transition of Care Measurement Set," which is illustrated here.







Has	the current/reconciled medication list been	Yes	○ No	Benn Sanford	
disc	sussed with the patient/family/caregiver?			03/07/2011	2:42 PM
Hav	e the discharge orders been discussed with	Yes	○ No	Benn Sanford	
the	patient/family/caregiver?			03/07/2011	2:42 PM
Hav	e the follow-up instructions been discussed	Yes	○ No	Benn Sanford	
with	the patient/family/caregiver?			03/07/2011	2:42 PM
Hav	e the discharge materials been printed and	Yes	○ No	Benn Sanford	
give	n to the patient/family/caregiver?			03/07/2011	2:42 PM





#### Care Transition Audit (Section A)

Discharge Date(s): 01/01/2010 through 12/31/2010

Provider	Reason for Hospitalization	Discharge Diagnoses	Medications Updated Reconciled	Documentation of Allergies	Cognitive Status	Pending Test Results	Major Procedures	Follow-Up Care Plan	Progress to Goals Response to Treatment
Ahmed	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Anwar	95.0%	100.0%	82.4%	88.9%	93.5%	92.9%	90.7%	93.7%	95.0%
Aziz	98.4%	100.0%	95.2%	94.7%	96.7%	98.2%	95.6%	97.2%	95.6%
Colbert	100.0%	100.0%	50.0%	50.0%	83.3%	100.0%	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%
Cricchio	91.7%	94.4%	94.4%	91.7%	94.4%	91.7%	88.9%	88.9%	91.7%
Curry	99.1%	100.0%	97.2%	95.3%	96.2%	100.0%	95.3%	98.1%	98.1%
Deiparine	97.7%	100.0%	90.0%	95.8%	97.2%	96.3%	95.6%	96.3%	97.4%
Groff	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Gulfcoast	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Halbert	98.2%	99.5%	94.1%	95.0%	95.9%	98.2%	94.1%	95.4%	96.3%
Henderson	84.0%	100.0%	64.0%	96.0%	96.0%	96.0%	88.0%	92.0%	92.0%
Holly	94.2%	99.7%	87.3%	94.0%	96.8%	91.8%	91.2%	91.3%	93.9%
Leifeste	97.6%	100.0%	88.0%	95.3%	98.6%	95.5%	95.9%	96.6%	96.4%
Murphy	98.7%	99.6%	95.7%	94.5%	95.3%	98.7%	95.3%	97.9%	94.5%
Qureshi	90.4%	100.0%	84.6%	96.2%	98.1%	90.4%	92.3%	94.2%	88.5%
Satterwhite	98.3%	100.0%	90.4%	90.4%	94.8%	99.1%	93.9%	93.0%	98.3%
Spiel	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Thomas	97.3%	99.7%	87.2%	93.9%	96.5%	95.5%	97.1%	95.2%	97.1%
Vardiman	96.9%	100.0%	88.8%	91.8%	96.9%	98.0%	93.9%	98.0%	95.9%
Young	86.8%	100.0%	73.6%	88.7%	86.8%	86.8%	86.8%	83.0%	86.8%
SETMA Totals :	96.4%	99.8%	89.1%	93.8%	96.4%	95.1%	93.7%	94.6%	95.4%





#### Care Transition Audit (Section B)

Discharge Date(s): 01/01/2010 through 12/31/2010

Provider	Advanced Directives	Reason for Discharge	Physical Status	Psychosocial Status	Community Resources Coordinated Referrals	Medication List	Discharge Orders	Follow-Up Instructions	Discharge Materials
Ahmed	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	50.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Anwar	76.1%	95.2%	94.5%	88.7%	68.5%	77.6%	78.3%	78.3%	78.1%
Aziz	88.5%	97.9%	97.2%	93.9%	33.8%	83.7%	83.7%	83.5%	83.2%
Colbert	50.0%	100.0%	83.3%	50.0%	33.3%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%
Cricchio	36.1%	91.7%	97.2%	86.1%	8.3%	86.1%	86.1%	86.1%	86.1%
Curry	88.7%	100.0%	96.2%	96.2%	48.1%	85.8%	85.8%	85.8%	85.8%
Deiparine	85.6%	97.4%	97.2%	93.7%	77.3%	84.7%	84.7%	84.7%	84.5%
Groff	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%	66.7%	66.7%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Gulfcoast	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Halbert	88.6%	98.2%	95.9%	93.6%	47.9%	81.3%	81.7%	81.7%	81.7%
Henderson	24.0%	92.0%	96.0%	92.0%	44.0%	56.0%	56.0%	56.0%	56.0%
Holly	81.8%	93.2%	97.3%	91.8%	76.9%	80.7%	80.8%	80.7%	80.6%
Leifeste	85.2%	96.4%	98.6%	93.1%	69.4%	84.4%	84.4%	84.4%	83.8%
Murphy	88.5%	97.9%	96.6%	95.7%	53.2%	87.2%	87.2%	87.2%	87.2%
Qureshi	84.6%	90.4%	98.1%	96.2%	76.9%	82.7%	82.7%	82.7%	82.7%
Satterwhite	69.6%	98.3%	95.7%	90.4%	43.5%	69.6%	69.6%	69.6%	68.7%
Spiel	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Thomas	84.8%	96.0%	97.1%	93.4%	73.4%	83.2%	83.5%	83.5%	83.2%
Vardiman	74.5%	98.0%	96.9%	91.8%	62.2%	79.6%	78.6%	78.6%	78.6%
Young	67.9%	83.0%	86.8%	84.9%	30.2%	69.8%	69.8%	69.8%	69.8%
SETMA Totals :	82.7%	95.8%	96.8%	92.5%	63.2%	81.8%	81.9%	81.9%	81.7%



The second, third and fourth of the transitions of care involve "follow-up call" scheduling:

The day following discharge from the hospital – this goes to follow-up call nursing staff in our Care Coordination Department. These calls differ from the "administrative calls' initiated by the hospital which may last for 30 seconds are less. These calls last from 12-30 minutes and involved detailed discussions of patient's needs and conditions.

	Hospital Discharge Follow-U	Jp Call	Return
Numbe	r to Call	ery Email to Follow-Up Nurse	
	Questions to Ask	Patient Responses	
Admit Date // Discharge Date //  Setting © ER 03/04/2011 C In Patient  Hospice Angel Home Health Home Health Hospice of Texas  Discharge Diagnosses	General  ✓ How are you feeling?  ✓ Are you having new symptoms since hospital stay?  ✓ Have you obtained all DME that you were prescribed?  Other  Medications  ✓ Were you able to get all of your medications filled?  ✓ Are you taking all of your prescribed medicaitons?  ✓ Are you having any problems/side effects from your medications?  Appointments  Have you kept or are you aware of your appointment(s) with?  on /// on /// on ///	How does the patient feel?  Is the patient having new symp  Has the patient obtained all pres  VVas the patient able to fill all of Is the patient taking all of their in Is the patient having any proble  Has the patient kept and/or awascheduled appointments or reference.	scribed DME? their medications? nedications? ms/side effects? are of all
Diet Regular Exercise	Click to Document Completion Click to Send Response At  Spoke with the patient? C Yes C No If no, list person spoken with.	Actions Taken Advised Patient To Come In - Made Same-D Advised Patient To Call If Improvement Disc Advised Patient To Continue Medications Other	



# Step 2 – Auditing Provider Performance

□ The **auditing** of provider performance on the entire practice, on each individual clinic, on each provider on a population, or on each provider on a panel of patients is critical for quality improvement. SETMA believes that this is the piece missing from most healthcare improvement programs.



The creating of quality measures is a complex process. That Is why it is important for agencies such as the AQA, NCQA, NQF, PQRI and PCPI, among others, to identify, endorse and publish quality metrics.

The provider's ability to monitor their own performance and the making of those monitoring results available to the patient is important, but it only allows the provider to know how they have performed on one patient.

The aggregation of provider performance results over' his/her entire panel of patients carries the process of designing the future of healthcare delivery a further and a critical step.

Most auditing results, such as HEDIS, are presented to the provider 12 to 18 months after the fact. SETMA believes that "real time, auditing and giving of the audit results to providers can change provider behavior and can overcome "treatment inertia."

Auditing of provider performance allows physicians and nurse practitioners to know how they are doing in the care of all of their patients.

It allows them to know how they are doing in relationship to their colleagues in their clinic or organization, and also how they are performing in relationship to similar practices and providers around the country.



SETMA designed auditing tools through IBM's Business intelligence software, COGNOS. (see SETMA's COGNOS Project at <a href="www.jameslhollymd.com">www.jameslhollymd.com</a> under Your Life Your Health and the iconCOGNOS.)

Through COGNOS, SETMA is able to display outcomes trending which can show seasonal patterns of care and trending comparing one provider with another.



It is also possible to look at differences between the care of patients who are treated to goal and those who are not.

□ Patients can be compared as to socio-economic characteristics, ethnicity, frequency of evaluation by visits and by laboratory analysis, numbers of medication, payer class, cultural, financial and other barriers to care, gender and other differences. This analysis can suggest ways in which to modify care in order to get all patients to goal.



- Using digital dashboard technology, SETMA analysis provider and practice performance in order to find patterns which can result in improved outcomes practice wide for an entire population of patients. We analyze patient populations by:
  - Provider Panel
  - Practice Panel
  - Financial Class payer
  - Ethic Group
  - Socio-economic groups



- We are able to analyze if there are patterns to explain why one population or one patient is not to goal and others are. WE can look at:
  - Frequency of visits
  - Frequency of testing
  - Number of medications
  - Change in treatment
  - Education or not
  - Many other metrics





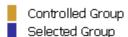
#### **Chronic Hypertension - Measures Comparison (Most Recent 12 Months)**

Controlled Group Time Basis: Prior 12 Months

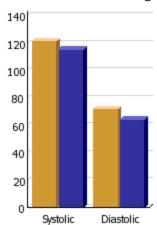
Controlled Group Constrained to: All SETMA

Practice: SETMA 1, SETMA 2, SETMA West

Provider: None

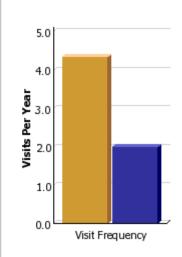


#### **Average Blood Pressure**



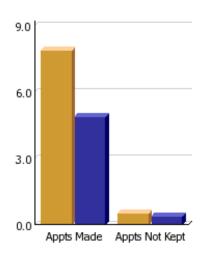
	Systolic	Diastolic
Controlled	121.7	72.0
Selected	115.5	64.1

	Standard	Deviation		
	Systolic	Diastolic		
Controlled	10.5	9.0		
Selected	49.6	11.3		

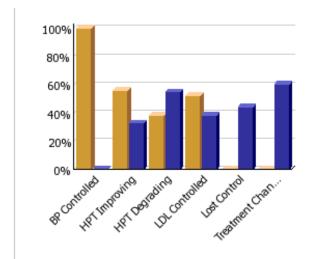


	Visit Frequency
Controlled	4.3
Selected	2.0





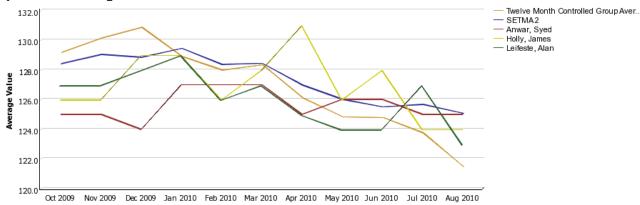
	Appts Made	Appts Not Kept
Controlled	7.9	0.5
Selected	4.9	0.4



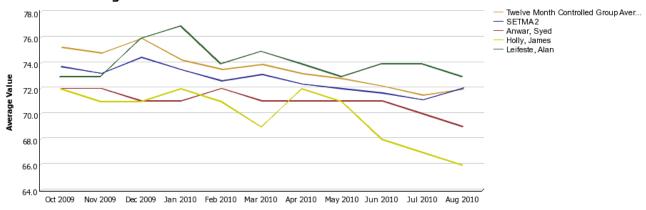
	BP Controlled	HPT Improving	HPT Degrading	LDL Controlled	Lost Control	Treatment Changed	
Controlled	100.0%	56.0%	38.4%	52.6%	0.0%	0.0%	
Selected	0.0%	32.8%	54.9%	38.2%	44.5%	60.7%	



#### **Systolic Trending**



#### **Diastolic Trending**







#### Chronic Hyperlipidemia - Measures Comparison (Most Recent 12 Months)

Controlled Group Time Basis: Prior 12 Months

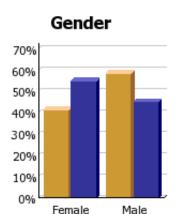
Controlled Group Constrained to: All SETMA

Practice: SETMA 1, SETMA 2, SETMA West

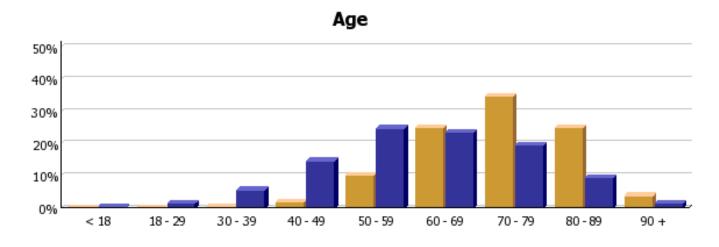
Provider: None

Controlled Group

Selected Group



	Female	Male
Controlled	41.4%	58.5%
Selected	55.0%	45.0%

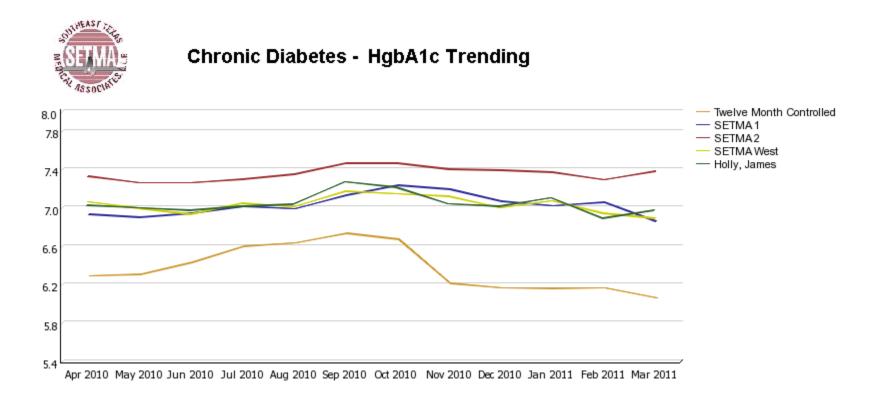


	< 18	18 - 29	30 - 39	40 - 49	50 - 59	60 - 69	70 - 79	80 - 89	90 +
Controlled	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	1.8%	10.0%	24.8%	34.7%	24.9%	3.7%
Selected	0.2%	1.4%	5.5%	14.5%	24.7%	23.4%	19.5%	9.3%	1.4%

We are able to present over-time patient results comparing:

- Provider to practice
- Provider to provider
- Provider current to provider over time
- Trending of results to see seasonal changes, etc.







- The **statistical analyzing** of the above audit performance in order to measure improvement by practice, by clinic or by provider. This includes analysis for ethnic disparities, and other discriminators such as age, gender, payer class, socio economic groupings, education, frequency of visit, frequency of testing, etc.
- This allows SETMA to look for leverage points through which to improve care of all patients.



Raw data can be misleading. It can cause you to think you are doing a good job when in fact many of your patients are not receiving optimal care. For instance the tracking of your mean performance in the treatment of diabetes may obscure the fact that a large percentage of your patients are not at goal.



□ Each of the statistical measurements which SETMA

Tracks -- the mean, the median, the mode and the standard deviation -- tells us something about our performance, and helps us design quality improvement initiatives for the future. Of particular, and often, of little known importance is the standard deviation.



From 2000 to 2010, SETMA has shown annual improvement in the mean (the average) and the median for the treatment of diabetes.

There has never been a year when we did not improve. Yet, our standard deviations revealed that there were still significant numbers of our patients who are not being treated successfully.



From 2008 to 2009, SETMA experience a 9.3% improvement in standard deviation. Some individual SETMA providers had an improvement of over 16% in their standard deviations.

 SETMA's HbA1C standard deviations from 2000 to 2011 have improved from 1.98 to 1.33.



When our standard deviations are below 1 and as they approach 0.8, we can be increasingly confident that <u>all</u> of our patients with diabetes are being treated well.



The public reporting by provider of performance on hundreds of quality measures places pressure on all providers to improve, and it allows patients to know what is expected of providers.



SETMA public reports quality metrics two ways:

- In the patient's plan of care and treatment plan which is given to the patient at the point of care. This reporting is specific to the individual patient.
- 2. On SETMA's website. Here the reporting is by panels or populations of patients without patient identification but with the provider name given.



- One of the most insidious problems in healthcare delivery is reported in the medical literature as "treatment inertia." This is caused by the natural inclination of human beings to resist change.
- □ Often, when care is not to goal, no change in treatment is made. As a result, one of the auditing elements in SETMA's COGNOS Project is the assessment of whether a treatment change was made when a patient was not treated to goal.



- Overcoming "treatment inertia" requires the creating of an increased level of discomfort in the healthcare provider and in the patient so that both are more inclined to change their performance.
- SETMA believes that one of the ways to do this is the pubic reporting of provider performance. That is why we are publishing provider performance by provider name atwww.jameslhollymd.com under Public Reporting.



Once you "open your books on performance" to public scrutiny, the only safe place you have in which to hide is excellence.





#### NQF - Diabetes Measures - Glyco and LDL

E & M Codes: Clinic Only

Encounter Date(s): Jan 1, 2010 through Dec 31, 2010

		HgbA1c Frequency		HgbA1c Level		LDL Screening	LDL Control		
Location	Provider	Within 12 Months	> 9.0	Between 6.5 - 9.0	< 6.5	Within 12 Months	< 130	< 100	
SETMA 1	Aziz	96.9%	12.2%	50.1%	36.3%	95.9%	85.0%	64.3%	
	Duncan	89.2%	10.6%	54.7%	33.1%	87.6%	81.6%	65.3%	
	Groff	88.9%	11.8%	43.1%	38.9%	82.6%	77.8%	56.9%	
	Henderson	94.5%	11.4%	58.3%	29.1%	91.4%	82.2%	64.3%	
	Murphy	93.7%	8.8%	46.9%	41.2%	91.1%	84.3%	68.7%	
	Sims	89.1%	13.1%	47.1%	36.9%	85.0%	77.7%	59.5%	
	Thomas	89.0%	13.9%	50.5%	29.7%	83.9%	72.7%	53.6%	
5	ETMA 1 Totals:	92.6%	11.3%	50.7%	35.2%	89.7%	81.3%	63.4%	
SETMA 2	Ahmed	94.6%	19.1%	56.3%	20.6%	91.5%	82.4%	65.8%	
	Anthony	97.4%	12.5%	53.4%	33.1%	94.1%	81.7%	62.0%	
	Anwar	96.3%	8.9%	58.4%	30.8%	95.3%	83.5%	59.9%	
	Cricchio	94.2%	11.5%	50.9%	34.5%	91.8%	80.1%	60.3%	
	Holly	96.1%	11.9%	50.9%	33.7%	94.0%	87.0%	62.8%	
	Leifeste	90.9%	9.2%	47.9%	36.9%	90.8%	83.7%	66.1%	
SETMA 2  SETMA West	Wheeler	96.3%	9.8%	53.6%	35.0%	93.3%	80.6%	57.5%	
S	ETMA 2 Totals:	94.9%	14.0%	54.4%	28.3%	92.5%	82.5%	63.3%	
SETMA West	Curry	83.8%	12.4%	47.3%	31.6%	82.4%	76.9%	60.4%	
	Deiparine	71.3%	8.2%	43.2%	26.3%	68.2%	65.3%	51.2%	
	Halbert	81.7%	12.0%	44.5%	35.9%	79.7%	71.6%	53.4%	
	Horn	88.8%	7.2%	51.7%	34.0%	87.5%	77.8%	54.4%	
	Qureshi	78.3%	11.7%	35.0%	33.3%	78.3%	75.0%	61.7%	
	Satterwhite	88.9%	12.0%	54.6%	26.9%	86.7%	74.2%	52.7%	
	Vardiman	81.3%	15.4%	44.7%	29.3%	81.3%	74.8%	52.0%	
	Young	84.1%	8.6%	53.9%	33.2%	74.1%	66.4%	44.8%	
SETN	IA West Totals:	82.5%	10.3%	47.7%	31.9%	80.1%	72.5%	53.4%	
	SETMA Totals:	91.3%	12.4%	51.8%	31.0%	88.8%	79.7%	60.9%	





#### Diabetes Consortium - Blood Pressure Management

E & M Codes: Clinic Only

Encounter Date(s): Jan 1, 2010 through Dec 31, 2010

Report Criteria: Patients 18 to 75 With a Chronic Diagnosis of Diabetes

Specialists Excluded (Dr. Ahmed Included)

						Systolic	:				Diastolic							
Location	Provider	< 120	120-129	130-139	140-149	150-159	160-169	170-179	>= 180	Not Present	< 75	75-79	80-89	90-99	100-109	>= 110	Not Present	
SETMA 1	Aziz	24.7%	21.4%	22.2%	11.9%	9.0%	7.3%	2.3%	1.2%	0.0%	45.4%	15.4%	27.2%	10.6%	1.2%	0.3%	0.0%	
	Duncan	36.7%	35.1%	17.8%	7.3%	1.2%	0.8%	0.0%	0.2%	0.8%	53.1%	10.0%	32.0%	3.7%	0.4%	0.0%	0.8%	
	Groff	17.4%	24.3%	21.5%	23.6%	7.6%	0.7%	0.7%	3.5%	0.7%	40.3%	7.6%	45.8%	4.9%	0.7%	0.0%	0.7%	
	Henderson	37.1%	29.9%	20.5%	7.7%	2.9%	0.5%	0.9%	0.5%	0.0%	54.4%	16.2%	26.4%	2.5%	0.4%	0.2%	0.0%	
	Murphy	29.5%	26.0%	18.3%	16.6%	3.6%	3.4%	1.2%	0.5%	0.7%	47.7%	6.7%	32.0%	10.3%	2.1%	0.2%	0.7%	
	Sims	25.9%	28.5%	16.1%	16.1%	5.5%	4.7%	1.5%	1.5%	0.4%	48.5%	2.6%	34.7%	12.0%	1.8%	0.0%	0.4%	
	Thomas	11.2%	36.9%	26.7%	18.3%	4.1%	1.8%	0.6%	0.2%	0.2%	24.4%	23.0%	46.6%	5.1%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	
SETI	MA 1 Totals:	27.4%	28.6%	20.5%	13.5%	4.6%	3.1%	1.1%	0.8%	0.4%	45.5%	12.3%	33.0%	7.4%	1.1%	0.2%	0.4%	
SETMA	Ahmed	36.2%	24.8%	27.3%	8.8%	1.9%	0.5%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	67.6%	11.6%	18.5%	1.7%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%	
2	Anthony	24.5%	39.6%	22.0%	6.9%	3.3%	1.8%	0.7%	1.1%	0.3%	54.7%	17.7%	22.7%	3.7%	0.7%	0.3%	0.3%	
	Anwar	16.9%	44.2%	29.1%	6.5%	1.5%	0.8%	0.1%	0.2%	0.6%	70.5%	18.1%	8.8%	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	
	Cricchio	33.1%	31.1%	21.0%	9.1%	2.2%	2.5%	0.3%	0.2%	0.5%	60.8%	14.9%	19.9%	3.3%	0.5%	0.2%	0.5%	
	Holly	22.1%	42.1%	28.8%	2.5%	1.8%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%	74.7%	17.2%	6.3%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%	
	Leifeste	32.3%	29.8%	22.7%	8.9%	3.9%	1.7%	0.1%	0.3%	0.4%	53.5%	14.0%	27.2%	4.8%	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	
	Wheeler	25.4%	32.5%	23.1%	11.7%	2.9%	2.5%	0.6%	1.0%	0.4%	53.6%	6.5%	35.0%	3.9%	0.8%	0.0%	0.2%	
SETI	MA 2 Totals:	30.0%	31.7%	25.6%	8.2%	2.3%	1.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	63.6%	13.7%	19.4%	2.6%	0.3%	0.1%	0.4%	
SETMA	Curry	31.0%	28.6%	22.5%	10.2%	3.3%	1.6%	1.6%	0.8%	0.3%	57.1%	14.8%	20.1%	7.1%	0.5%	0.0%	0.3%	
West	Deiparine	25.0%	26.0%	24.5%	12.5%	5.8%	3.6%	0.9%	1.6%	0.0%	51.2%	7.3%	27.8%	10.9%	2.7%	0.2%	0.0%	
	Halbert	26.9%	22.9%	22.0%	13.7%	5.8%	4.1%	1.7%	1.3%	1.7%	44.6%	16.2%	27.8%	7.9%	1.3%	0.6%	1.7%	
	Hom	30.4%	37.6%	27.3%	3.6%	0.6%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	56.2%	18.3%	24.1%	1.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	
	Qureshi	40.0%	21.7%	16.7%	15.0%	3.3%	1.7%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	45.0%	25.0%	21.7%	6.7%	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%	
	Satterwhite	21.5%	25.3%	21.2%	12.0%	6.0%	4.1%	0.5%	0.8%	8.7%	37.2%	17.1%	30.4%	5.4%	0.8%	0.3%	8.7%	
	Vardiman	16.3%	26.0%	16.3%	20.3%	11.4%	5.7%	1.6%	2.4%	0.0%	43.9%	19.5%	28.5%	7.3%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	
	Young	15.1%	21.6%	34.9%	15.1%	8.6%	1.7%	1.7%	1.3%	0.0%	43.1%	18.1%	28.4%	9.5%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	
SETMA	West Totals:	26.2%	27.3%	24.1%	11.2%	4.9%	2.8%	1.1%	1.0%	1.5%	48.5%	15.5%	26.4%	6.7%	1.1%	0.3%	1.5%	



#### Step 5 – Quality Assessment & Performance Improvement

Improvement (QAPI) Initiatives -- this year SETMA's initiatives involve the elimination of all ethnic diversities of care in diabetes, hypertension and dyslipidemia. Also, we have designed a program for reducing preventable readmissions to the hospital.



#### Step 5 – Quality Assessment & Performance Improvement

This logical and sequential process is possible and is rewarding for provider and patient. This process has set SETMA on a course for successful and excellent healthcare delivery. Our tracking, auditing, analysis, reporting and design will keep us on that course.



#### Step 5 – Quality Assessment & Performance Improvement

SETMA's Model of Care has and is transforming our delivery of healthcare, allowing us to provide cost effective, excellent care with high patient satisfaction. This Model is evolving and will certainly change over the years as will the quality metrics which are at its core.

